SEMI-WEEKLY

# DIXON TELEGRAPH.

TUESDAY FRIDAY

56th Year No. 49 DIXON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, JUN 21 7 $1.00 a Year Advance

## MEN'S BUILDING BEING DEDICATED

EXCELLENT PROGRAM AT Y. M. C. A. DEDICATORY EXERCISES FOR THIS WEEK.

### SPLENDID ARRAY OF SPEAKERS

Interesting History of Dixon's Latest New Edifice Is Given Our Readers Today.

The eighteenth anniversary of the organization of the Young Men's Christian association in Dixon is being very fittingly celebrated, and on Monday evening, on the same date the organization was completed, the new building, constructed at a cost of $35,000, will be dedicated.

On June 24, 1889, the first association was organized here and the completion of these eighteen years shows remarkable progress by the organization. A reference to the history of the association, found elsewhere on this page, tells the interesting story.

The building which is being dedicated is one of which all Dixon may well be proud. In no particular could anything more be asked, and those who have assisted in making it possible may well enjoy the knowledge of having done something, and of having done it well.

**Arrangement Is Good.**

An inspection of the building shows that the pride of the promoters is justified. It is well and conveniently constructed and every possible requirement has been met squarely. As one steps into the main entrance on Galena avenue he sees before him the reading room, game room, parlor and public office. All are off the large hall and a full view can be obtained of the three rooms. High ceilings and excellent light make these rooms doubly attractive.

Back of the public office are the secretary's private office, from which he can communicate with the physical director's office and the gym, without leaving his private rooms. These rooms are all finished in oak.

At the rear of the hall is the boys' education room and the gym. The latter is equipped with all of the latest body developing apparatus and there is a large spectators' gallery which affords room for those interested in watching the athletic work. Off the gym is the physical director's private office and his examination room, where he and the examining physician, Dr. Miller, will determine just what kind of exercise each particular person needs. The director can, while seated in his office, obtain a full view of the entire gym.

**Compliment From Brown.**

"The basement of the building is characterized by State Secretary Brown as being "for facility of supervision, the best arranged of any in the state." Seated in his little enclosure at the foot of the stairs, the director has an unobstructed view of the bowling alleys, where two modern alleys have been placed; into the natatorium, where a fine pool, holding 30,000 gallons of warm water, ranging in depth from three to eight feet, has been built; into the bath rooms, where there are five individual shower baths and one big class shower, and into the dressing rooms, where every member will have a steel locker. The bath rooms in the building are all finished in Tennessee marble. The director will have charge of the towels and will require every person to take a shower before entering the pool.

**"Home For Boys."**

The third floor will be the real "home for boys," for here are the dormitories. Twenty excellently arranged and convenient rooms, which can be reached from a side entrance, and which all open into a large hall which is being fitted up for a social center, make an attractive home for men who have to room. Nearly all of the dormitories have been equipped by those who wish to memorialize some dear one. Of these four have already been rented and applications are in for more.

The kitchen is also located on the third floor. It is large enough to provide room for the feeding of committees, etc., right in the room, the buffet being cut off from the room by accordeon doors. For large suppers, a dumb waiter will convey the food to either the boys' room or the gym on the first floor.

**Public Invited.**

And in order to acquaint the people with this new building, the association has extended a hearty invitation to any or all of the affairs which are now being held. No financial solicitation is to be made at any of these gatherings, the purpose being solely to let the people see the building. Today is Boys' day, and a large number of youngsters are enjoying the pleasures of the building. This evening there will be a reception, the program of which will be found elsewhere. Tomorrow will be Ladies' day, and every woman who is interested in the association or its work is invited to attend. The program for the day is printed elsewhere in this paper.

**Those In Charge.**

F. N. Kornhaus, the general secretary, has been in Dixon a little over a year, but during that time he has been a wonderful factor in the work, and he has greatly assisted the officers, directors and committees in their work. The roster of the association officials is:

President—Ira W. Lewis.
Vice President—Dr. A. L. Miller.
Secretary—John T. Laing.
Treasurer—Francis M. Smith.

Board of Directors—H. V. Baldwin, T. M. Brosner, J. T. Laing, Ira W. Lewis, W. B. McMahon, Dr. A. L. Miller, T. J. Miller, H. W. Morris, F. X. Newcomer, E. B. Raymond, F. M. Smith and G. O. Wendel.

Building Committee—Dr. A. L. Miller, E. B. Raymond, J. T. Laing, F. X. Newcomer, J. C. Wadsworth, W. B. McMahon.

Membership Committee — L. W. Miller, John Ewen, Homer Sennett, George Eichenberg, Grafton Self and Fred Lawton.

MEMORIAL ROOMS IN Y. M. C. A. BUILDING

Gymnasium—C. G. Reiss.
Boys' Educational Room — Elizabeth Shaw.
Dormitories
1. John McKinstry.
2. George E. Haskell.
3. James M. Swan.
4. Mrs. Mildred J. Swan.
5. John Shank.
6. Elias Bovey.
7. Eustace E. Shaw.
8. B. J. Grant.
9. Floto Memorial.
10. Earl Becker Smith.
11. Samuel Crawford.
12. Frederick L. Cryor.
13. John Dixon.
14. Jason C. Ayres.
15. ———
16. John C. Flint.
17. Ira W. Lewis.
18. Henry C. and Emma R. Brookner.
19. Harvey E. and Weathy A. Williams.
20. Austin B. Trowbridge.

## MUSCATINE DIVIDED ON BILLY

ONLY ABOUT A HALF OF THE PEOPLE IN THAT CITY WANT SUNDAY.

A special from Muscatine says that Evangelist Billy Sunday is coming to that city in October to hold revival meetings over thirty days, and that the prospect of his visit has stirred up much feeling, adverse as well as favorable, among all classes of citizens. The Retail Merchants' association at a recent meeting, decided that it wanted him to stay away and passed resolutions to that effect. On the other hand the ministers and church members are going ahead with their plans, having formed association to finance the erection of a big auditorium.

### FREEPORT WOMAN IS FATALLY INJURED

Freeport, Ill., June 19—Mrs. Wm. Davis of this city, known as Effie Minerva, one of the Minerva family trapeze artists with the John Robinson shows, was injured probably fatally yesterday at Des Moines. Word of her probably fatal accident was received here today.

She was participating in an iron-jawed flying trapeze act when another performer failed to maintain the necessary hold.

## COMPANY FIXING UP NEW QUARTERS

RODESCH PIANO AND PLAYER PEOPLE EXPECT TO OCCUPY NEW HOME BY SEPT. 1.

### EQUIPPED WITH NEW MACHINERY

Will Have Capacity to Work a Hundred Men—Make Ten or a Dozen of the Players Daily.

The Rodesch Piano and Player company will be in their new quarters in the old Telegraph building, which they recently purchased, by Sept. 1st. Those are the expectations of the members of the company, and they are making every effort to get the building ready for their occupancy by that time.

The building is being extended back to the lot line, a new basement, deeper and better lighted than the old, is being excavated and other improvements in regard to the arrangement of floor space are being made. As soon as these improvements are done new machinery will be installed and it is proposed to equip the factory well enough to take care of the large number of orders which are being received.

When the company moves into the new building, it will have capacity to work over one hundred men, and the success with which the player is meeting indicates that there will be need for a full force. The equipment of the new factory will be sufficient to turn out ten or a dozen completed players every day.

## MAYOR HAS ALDERMAN EJECTED

TOO MUCH FOR THE CHIEF OF POLICE AND THE FORCE IS CALLED IN.

Belvidere, Ill., June 19—Under orders from Mayor Pierce, Alderman Cleaveland was Monday night ejected from the council chamber by members of the police force after the chief of police had made an unsuccessful attempt to do it single handed. The mayor claimed that the alderman had insulted the city engineer by refusing to accept his survey in preference to one made by the county surveyor, and ordered him from the room. The chief of police was unable to eject him, and the police force was called in. Alderman Cleaveland now calls the mayor a czar, and will start civil and criminal proceedings against him.

## BIG STORM COMING SAYS HICKS

FORECASTER FINDS GREAT SUN-SPOTS AND PREDICTS TROUBLE.

St. Louis, June 19—Between today and Friday of this week, because of the new sun spots, there will be terrific electrical storms in this country. Rev. Irl R. Hicks, weather forecaster, who predicted the Galveston tidal wave, the St. Louis cyclone and the recent tornadoes and hailstorms in this section of the country, says Mr. Hicks has discovered a sun spot of huge proportions. He asserts it is moving from the east to the west line of the sun. Hicks says it is the largest seen on the sun for many years.

## AN AMBOY MINISTER GETS RICH

OWNS 16,000 ACRES OF TILLABLE FARM LANDS IN NEW MEXICO.

Rev. Richard A. Morley, formerly pastor of the Methodist church at Amboy, Ill., has made a fortune in selling real estate in the vicinity of Las Vegas, N. M., at which town he recently accepted a pastorate. He owns 16,000 acres of tillable land on which he has laid out a town site, and he gained considerable fame by making $40,000 in commissions by the sale of lands within a very few months. He undertook the venture without a dollar of capital.

FRONT ELEVATION OF THE NEW BUILDING.

## Bits of Y. M. C. A. History Which Will Interest Everyone

June 24, 1889—Dixon Association organized.
July 2, 1889—Rented rooms in Jordan building.
Jan. 1, 1890—First general secretary, Philip Bevis, called.
Oct. 1901—Entertained State Convention.
Mch. 20, 1905—Building fund started by W. A. Sunday, with pledges aggregating $8,500, to be binding when half of the $30,000 which the committee started for, was raised.
Nov. 3, 1905—Subscriptions reached $15,000, and lot was purchased.
June, 1906—Ground was broken for new building.
July 18, 1906—Contract was let to Greig & Baum.
Jan. 10, 1907—Thirty day campaign for $20,000 to complete building fund was successfully closed.
June 24, 1907—Eighteenth anniversary. Dedication of New Association Home, completed and furnished at a cost of $35,000, including the site.

## CUT EXPENSES NO FLOWER BEDS

LAST YEAR FOR SHRUBBERY AT NORTHWESTERN STATION, SAYS FLORIST POSEY.

### THAT IS THE WORD SENT OUT

Ordinary Parks Without Ornaments Will Be Good Enough For Two Cents a Mile.

There will be no more flower beds in the many parks which the Northwestern Railroad company maintains at its stations. After this year the company will discontinue the practice. W. E. Posey, florist for the company, made the announcement yesterday, when he stated that absolutely no flowers would be planted next spring.

He stated that he has received word from the officials that this move is made to cut down expenses. The parks will be maintained, but no flowers. By eliminating the flowers from the several hundred parks, a considerable saving will be effected. He advises those who desire to view the landscape gardening here, pretty shrubbery and flowers, to do so this summer, for it will be the last summer they will have the privilege to do it.

The maintaining of parks annually costs a considerable amount of money. There is no doubt but that the reduction in expenses is due to the two cent a mile law that will go into effect on July 1st next. Ordinary parks without flower ornaments will be good enough for the public traveling at two cents a mile, and the saving thus effected will aid in keeping up the dividends on the stock of the road.

Mr. Posey was also authority for the statement that the company is to move the depots at Sterling back to the north property line and will place switch tracks on the ground now occupied by the stations and the parks.

**Mongoven Case Again.**

The case of Mongoven vs. Drew, a replevin suit growing out of the Mongoven divorce case, is being tried this afternoon in Justice Davies' court.

## FORMER MAYOR CHARGES GRAFT

M'CASKRIN OF ROCK ISLAND ACCUSES PROMINENT LAWYER-EDITOR OF BRIBERY.

### DONE ON BEHALF OF BREWING CO

Two Other Persons Arrested With John Looney—Bail Fixed At $22,500.

Rock Island, Ill., June 19—Special—John Looney, known throughout the state as a democratic politician and a lawyer, and owner of the Rock Island News, a recent acquisition to the journalistic field, was indicted Tuesday on thirty-four charges of libel, conspiracy, bribery and extortion. His total bail was fixed at $22,500, and he was given twenty-four hours in which to secure it. Arrested with Looney also, and under indictments, were William H. Ditworth, on twenty-four charges of criminal libel against four leading Rock Island business men, and Chas. W. Neal, an old and prominent attorney of Davenport, Ia.

Neal is accused of acting as agent for Looney in a conspiracy to quiet the Rock Island Brewing company two years ago, when the Sunday lid was placed on by Mayor McCaskrin. The latter was one of the witnesses before the grand jury and swore that Looney offered him $5,000 cash and $5,000 in shares of the News company to keep the lid on until the brewing company had given up the money.

Other charges made in the indictments are the forcing of a keeper of a disreputable place to buy $300 worth of stock to stop the newspaper attacks.

The indictments for libel are based on attacks on men prominent in the citizens' movement in the spring campaign, several of whim were denounced as "drunks" and "gamblers."

**Baume Recovers.**

Word has been received from Judge J. S. Baume to the effect that he has practically recovered from his recent serious illness and has left the hospital at Springfield. He expects to remain in Springfield for the coming two weeks.

## SELECT JURORS FOR PALMYRA CASE

SHERIFF TOURTILLOTT SERVING NOTICE ON TWELVE MEN TODAY.

### CASE SET THURSDAY JULY 18TH

Will Be Tried Before Judge R. S. Farrand—Suit Will Interest Many People.

The Palmyra condemnation suit, in which the Sterling, Dixon & Eastern Electric Railway company and Frank Brauer are directly interested, has been set for trial Thursday, July 18, before Judge Richard S. Farrand. A venire for twelve jurymen has been issued and placed into the hands of Sheriff Tourtillott to be served. The following gentlemen have been selected as jurors to try the case:

Dennis Bradshaw, Brooklyn.
Henry W. Hillson, Ohio.
H. W. Sunday, Ohio.
Thomas L. Phillips, Hamilton.
C. B. Kelgwin, Hamilton.
Thomas P. Long, Harmon.
J. D. McKeel, Harmon.
John C. Leake, Nachusa.
Joseph Rottendorf, Sublette.
Sherman Holdren, Viola.
David O. Davidson, Willow Creek.
F. E. Gates, Wyoming.

Attorney E. E. Wingert will appear for Mr. Brauer and Attorney Henry S. Dixon, member of the firm of Dixon & Dixon, will appear for the railway company.

## WOULD SUE ROOSEVELT; INSANE

MRS. PAULIE THOMPSON OF LEE AT DETENTION HOSPITAL IN AURORA.

Aurora, Ill., June 19—Mrs. Paulie Thompson of Lee, Ill., who went to Sycamore Tuesday to consult attorneys about suing President Roosevelt for $500,000 due her, she said, because the president had promised to marry her, was invited to take lodgings last night at the hospital until her sanity is inquired into. The sheriff communicated with the authorities at Lee and learned that she is a Swedish-American, 65 years old, who was deserted by her husband nine years ago. Mrs. Thompson will probably be committed to an insane asylum.

## MOTHER AND DAUGHTER INJURED

MRS. ED. MILLER AND DAUGHTER MEET WITH ACCIDENT NORTH OF THE CITY.

Mrs. Ed Miller and her little daughter of this city were seriously injured in a runaway near the Chiverton farm north of town late this afternoon. The runaway, particulars of which are very few, occurred near the Lambert home, and the injured people were taken ther. The news of the runaway was received by Chief of Police Wormyatt, to whom Mrs. Lambert telephoned, asking that the officer find the injured lady's husband.

A Telegraph reporter 'phoned Mrs. Lambert just before press time and ascertained that Mrs. Miller's jaw was broken and that the little girl sustained a fractured leg. Both were badly bruised and cut.

## FARMER HARROWS UP LOST $200

SENDS BADLY DECAYED BILLS TO WASHINGTON TO GET THEM DUPLICATED.

Decatur, Ill., June 19—John Kinnehan, a farmer at Illipolis, while plowing corn last summer lost a pocket book containing $200 in currency. While harrowing the same field last week he found the pocket book and bills. The latter were badly decayed, but were accepted at the treasury department at Washington and duplicates sent in return.

**Daughter Born.**

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred McCaldio, who reside west of Dixon, this morning.

## SUPREME COURT AFFIRMS JUDGEMENT

OF JUDGE HEARD IN CASE OF GODFREY VS. POWER AND LIGHTING COMPANY.

### COMPANY HAS RIGHT TO IMPROVE

Most Important Litigation in Point of Difficult Questions Involved Ever Tried in County.

With the decision of the supreme court handed down yesterday affirming the judgment of Judge Heard in the case of Wm. C. Godfrey, Katherine Godfrey and Grace Godfrey vs. Dixon Power & Lighting company, Jason C. Ayres, Reynolds Wire company, Edwin C. Parsons and Christiana D. Parsons, terminates what has perhaps been the most important litigation in point of interests and difficult legal questions involved of any ever arising in Lee county. The decision is in favor of the defendants and establishes the title to the dam and water power at Dixon in the Lee County Lighting company and Reynolds Wire company, who have succeeded to the rights of the other defendants during the litigation.

It will be recalled that in August, 1904, immediately upon the completion of the new dam, two ejectment suits were begun against those erecting those improvements, by Atty. Wm. Barge, one in behalf of Geo. M. DeLand, claiming to own the land on which the north half of the new dam was built, and the other for the Mrs. H. Godfrey estate, claiming the south half of the dam. At the February term of the supreme court, this year, it was decided that the land claimed by Mr. DeLand did not belong to him, but belonged to the public as a part of Water street. It was not a question in that suit as to whether the builders of the dam had any right than to occupy the public property, but merely whether Mr. DeLand had any such title as he could recover.

The trial of the two cases was protracted and went extensively into the ancient history of the water-power question. It had been known that for many years the titles of the various claimants of the dam properties rested on such insecure foundations that each claimant dreaded bringing the matter into court. Incidentally the proper development of the superb water power here was retarded to the great detriment of the city. But the destruction of the old dam in 1904 made it necessary for some one to rebuild. This was done by the claimants other than DeLand and the Godfrey estate and the three years' litigation just ended thereby was precipitated.

On the trial of the Godfrey case it was held that the plaintiffs owned a strip of land eleven feet in width lying across the mouth of the race, but the defendants had a perpetual right to flow water across the same through the race, so that the recovery of such strip proves of little practical value to the plaintiffs. But as to the main contention in the suit, that the estate owned the land on which the south half of the new dam rested, it was held that the defendants had gained a good title thereto by twenty years' adverse possession and by seven years' payment of taxes under color of title. This view the supreme court now upholds to be correct. This decision will make it possible for the Lee County Lighting company to make any such improvements as it may desire in the confidence at last that its title to the water power is established. It is understood that a petition for a re-hearing will be filed. The attorneys who conducted the litigation for the successful parties are A. C. Bardwell and E. E. Wingert for the Dixon Power & Lighting company, Lee County Lighting company, J. C. Ayres and E. C. and C. D. Parsons, and E. H. Brewster for the Reynolds Wire company.

**HARAHAN RESIGNS ILLINOIS CENTRAL JOB**

W. J. Harahan, fourth vice president of the Illinois Central and son of J. T. Harahan, president of that road, has resigned from the company's employ. It is understood that he is going to accept a position with the Erie road, but in what capacity could not be ascertained.

# DIXON B. & L. ASSO. PROSPEROUS

DIRECTORS HOLD MEETING AND ELECT OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR.

## AMT. LOANS IN FORCE $122,700

That Is More Money Loaned Out Than At Any One Time Before: Is Growing Steadily.

The stockholders of the Dixon Loan and Building association held their annual meeting last night in the office of the secretary, James N. Sterling. M. Maloney, Amos Bosworth and Dr. G. W. I. Brown were elected directors to succeed themselves. A. P. Armington and W. C. Durkes were elected to succeed the late Charles H. Hughes and Fred Coleman, respectively.

**Directors Meet.**

Immediately after the meeting of the stockholders the directors held their annual meeting and elected the following officers:

President—M. Maloney.

Vice President — Dr. G. W. I. Brown.

Secretary—James N. Sterling.

Treasurer—A. P. Armington.

Attorney—Henry S. Dixon.

**Business Is Growing.**

The association has been in business, on the first day of June, for twenty years. On that date the amount of loans was $122,700. That is the highest amount of money the association had loaned out at any one time before in all the years of its existence. The association is now in a flourishing condition and is growing steadily.

## SEVEN BOYS ESCAPE FROM HOME

TIRE OF STATE INSTITUTION AND LEAVE THE PLACE LAST MONDAY NIGHT.

Chief of Police Woodyatt this morning received a telephone message from the superintendent of the Illinois State Home for Boys at St. Charles, asking him to look for seven boys, average age about twelve years, who escaped from the school on Monday night. The boys are described as being attired in grey uniforms with wide black braid trimmings, and they are supposed to have started west. A reward of $5 "per head" is offered for their return to the institution.

## IS ONE OF LIFE'S TRAGEDIES

MOTHER WITH INVALID CHILD GOING TO PLACE CHILDREN IN HOMES.

Springfield News: The tragedies of life are not all in death. A few nights ago on a southbound C. & A. train the passengers saw one of the saddest sights that come within the range of human vision. A mother with three children occupied the rear seat of the last car. Two of the children, a boy and a girl, were apparently in very good health, although the little boy showed signs of nervousness. The third child, a girl apparently ten years of age, was suffering with a violent form of St. Vitus dance. She had suffered with the disease so long that she was bereft of any power to help herself and had lost control of her speech. Her entire body was racked with the disease, and every limb and muscle was in constant motion. The mother, evidently a poor woman, showed signs of much suffering. As she held the child in her arms she talked to those about her on other subjects very intelligently, but her pleasant smile did not conceal her aching heart. She had fought the fight to keep her family together as long as possible. Her power of human endurance was almost exhausted and she was on her way to Lincoln to place the sick child in a state asylum and to put the other two children in the Odd Fellows Home. The condition of the little girl and the mission of the mother appealed to the occupants of the car and sympathy was felt for her by everyone.

**HEARING ON PETITION SET FOR JULY 8**

Judge R. H. Scott of the county court, this morning set July 8 as the date for the hearing on the petition of the city of Dixon to levy special assessments under ordinance 100 of the series of 1906. The certificate of the final cost was filed in the court this morning.

# NO CIGARETTES AFTER JULY 1ST

UNLAWFUL TO MAKE COFFIN NAILS AFTER THAT DATE IN THIS STATE.

## LAW IS CONSIDERED A GOOD ONE

Local Dealers Will Close Out Their Entire Stock of Pills Before the Law Takes Effect.

Dixon smokers of cigarets are very much interested in the new cigaret law which will go into effect July 1, and which it is expected will entirely stop the smoking of the "coffin nails" in the state. The law is very complete, and all loopholes, which the smokers have tried to show, have been effectively closed by mere reference to the enactment.

The complete law will be of special interest to Dixon smokers and dealers:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the people of the state of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That every person who shall manufacture, sell or give away any cigaret containing any substance deleterious to health, including tobacco, shall be punished by a fine of $100, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not to exceed thirty days.

Section 2. Every person under the age of eighteen years and over the age of seven years, who shall smoke or use cigarets on any public road, street, alley or park or other lands used for public purposes, or in any public place of business or amusement, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished for each offense by a fine of not more than $10.

Section 3. That every person who shall furnish any cigarets in any form to any such person, or who shall permit any such person to frequent the premises owned by him for the purpose of indulging in the use of cigarets, in any form, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished by a fine not exceeding $50 for the first offense and not exceeding $100 for the second and every additional offense, or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding thirty days for each offense.

**Ways Out—Almost.**

From the reading of the law it is very apparent that persons between the ages of seven and eighteen years are absolutely stopped from smoking cigarets in any form. But those over that age for a time thought they saw a way clear. They could make their own smoke.

But the first clause of the law says that "any person who manufactures cigarets shall be fined." So that stops that way of crawling out. Of course smokers can have their cigarets shipped to them direct, but they will have to be careful not to give any away.

Local dealers will, of course, close out their entire stock of the "pills" before July 1st.

## COMPARATIVE STUDY OF TRAINS

TIME OF THROUGH IS TWELVE MINUTES FASTER THAN ACCOMMODATION.

Here is a study showing the comparative merits of fast through trains and accommodation trains. It will also take the wind out of some people's arguments that to ride on an accommodation train is awfully slow.

The Northwestern's overland limited train, No. 1, leaves Chicago at 6 o'clock each evening and arrives at Dixon at 8:38, occupying just two hours and thirty-eight minutes in the trip. The train makes three stops between Chicago and Dixon.

The Sterling passenger, No. 17, an accommodation train, leaves Chicago at 4 o'clock each afternoon and arrives at Dixon at 6:48. It makes twenty-three stops, and requires but ten minutes more to make the trip.

**PROPERTY TRANSFERS.**

Sadie L. Stevens to David A Syne, land in Dixon $2500.

M H Judd to C H Stiteley, land in Dixon $1.

W A Judd to F X Newcomer, land in Dixon $1.

Perry Galeutine to Lulu M Stoudt, land in Nachusa $375.

F X Newcomer to Anna Stucky, land in Gilbraith's sub Dixon $2850.

DeForest Shaw to H C Strade, land in Amboy $1500.

# "FELLOWSHIP FARM"

Co-operative Colony Near Boston Organized by Socialists.

## LOCATED ON BEAUTIFUL SITE

Promoters Believe That Double Basis of Holding Property Will Insure Success of Scheme—Street Called Maiden Lane Laid Out For Spinsters.

Forty Socialists have organized a co-operative settlement, called Fellowship farm, on a beautiful seventy-five acre tract of land in Westwood, twelve miles from Boston. Here the Socialists are planning to live and work, some going back and forth to the city, others raising fruit, vegetables and poultry, says a Boston special dispatch to the St. Louis Republic.

Forty acres have been divided into individual holdings, and the rest of the land, with large barns upon it, is for collective ownership and use. The plan of the settlement, which was made years ago, but not carried out until this spring, is to cultivate the personal and social elements of those who participate in it.

Unlike other co-operative schemes of living, it has a double basis. A man living on a farm may have a deed for one of the acres, which is his exclusive property, but he also has a co-operative interest in the community holdings. He can be his own landlord, working on his own soil and living in his own house, meanwhile enjoying the pleasure of having congenial persons near him and the privileges of a big fellowship house, which it is the intent of the leader, the Rev. George Littlefield, to build.

Each of the forty men has agreed to give $2.50 a month, and when any one person has paid in $200 he gets a deed to his acre and is not obliged to pay anything more. If he is ill or in trouble, there is an emergency fund to help him out, and if he desires to leave his occupation at any time he can return to nature and dig a living out of the soil.

Mr. Littlefield has had this scheme in mind twenty years, but not until the present time was he able to perfect it. Mr. Littlefield is a Harvard graduate and a Unitarian minister. Before his college days he saw much of Dr. Edward Everett Hale and Edward Bellamy and was so fired with enthusiasm with their views that he sold his printing business and studied to become a minister.

"The ministry did not satisfy me," he said in telling the story of his hopes and ambitions. "The Bible says, 'Feed my sheep,' and I found that most of the ministers were only talking to them. I felt that I must do something besides talk. Preaching the golden rule under present business conditions is like trying to grow flowers in the subway.

"There are five reasons why other schemes of co-operative living have failed.

"First.—Groups of people with ideals have pulled themselves up by the roots and been transplanted artificially to a wilderness. They got lonesome and wanted to get back to their old occupations and ways of living.

"Second.—Most of the persons who form these schemes are not working people. They are impracticable and fanatical dreamers, who do not understand how to do the practical things of life.

"Third.—Most of the plans start with a common pocketbook, common land and a common dwelling, and there is no chance for the individual.

"Fourth.—Some co-operative plans have been started, like that of Hopedale, where each share had a vote instead of each man. In our scheme one man has but one vote, no matter how many shares he owns.

"Fifth.—In some cases the time was not ripe for such schemes to prosper."

The first move the Rev. Mr. Littlefield made in the matter was to write an article in Ariel, a magazine which he publishes monthly, and outline the scheme in a general way. When this appeared, letters from all over the world began to pour in asking more about the new mode of life offered and commending the plan.

A large number of persons met in Huntington Chambers in October to hear more about the farm and make further plans. Edward Sunderland was elected secretary, George E. Littlefield treasurer and Jane Moore, Squire E. Putney and the secretary and treasurer to act as a committee to buy the Westwood farm, transferring the title and deed to the Fellowship Farm association when organized and chartered. It was necessary to pay $1,000 down, but this was raised, and the farm, costing $8,000, was bought.

After this repairs were quickly started, and one of the members is already living on his acre of ground, with his wife and two children.

Half of the members are married and have families. Two come from Scotland and several from New York and Pennsylvania. Provision has been made for unmarried spinsters, of whom there are three or four. A street called Maiden Lane has been laid out for them on the farm.

The association will have its own bank and its own insurance. When there is a surplus it will be used to help the members put up their houses.

Dr. Edward Everett Hale wished to become a member, but wrote too late, when all vacancies were filled.

In summer Fellowship Farm assemblies will be held under a big tent or in the woods, with little tents and campers on the grounds. There will be a school of science and philosophy and art and craft classes. In ten years or sooner, if he chooses, every man will own his acre of ground, which has been gradually increasing in value, and an interest in the common property which will make him practically independent of employers.

**DONE LIKE A COWARD**

Prominent Citizen of Warren, O., Shoots Down Another Without Giving Him a Chance.

Warren, O., June 19. — George W. Berrill, cashier of the Kinsman National bank, and one of the most prominent citizens of Kinsman, this county, was shot and killed by Alfred Kinsman, a brother of State Senator Thomas Kinsman. Berrill was in the Berrill Hardware company's store when Kinsman entered with a rifle over his shoulder. The banker spoke to him, and without a word Kinsman shot him through the heart, killing him instantly.

The murderer was caught [illegible] and was placed in the county jail here. Kinsman is a man about 45 years old. For some time Berrill has been his guardian in some [illegible] matters and it is supposed they had some trouble over this. Berrill was 65 years of age, and had been cashier of the Kinsman National bank since its organization. He also owned the Berrill Hardware and General Merchandise store.

**DONOVAN BESTS WALCOTT**

Fight That Was Tame, So as to Avoid Interference of the Governor.

Brazil, Ind., June 19. — Mike Donovan was awarded the decision over Joe Walcott after ten rounds of slow fighting here. Hugo Kelly refereed.

The fighting was the slowest ever seen, probably. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible], Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks, who returned [illegible], Ala., where he attended the funeral of the late Senator [illegible], has left for Canton, O., where he will attend a meeting of the [illegible] having in charge the erection of the [illegible] to William McKinley.

**They Only Want $3,000,000.**

Findlay, O., June 19. — A. V. Baumann, of Fremont, and A. B. Smith, of this city, have [illegible] in the common pleas court [illegible] to recover three million dollars from W. E. Mathews and W. T. Fleming of Bucyrus and a dozen other parties. At the bottom of the suit is a mining deal in Parral, N. M.

**Chamberlain Goes to London.**

London, June 19. — Joseph Chamberlain, accompanied by his wife and Mrs. Endicott, has arrived from Birmingham. He stated that [illegible] improving and [illegible] in touch with his son, Austen. The family demonstration [illegible] purposes resuming his seat in parliament.

**Catcher Bresnahan Badly Hurt.**

Cincinnati, June 19—Roger Bresnahan, catcher for the New York Nationals, was hit by a pitched ball in the third innings of the game with Cincinnati, and is believed to be seriously injured. The ball, pitched by Coakley, struck Bresnahan behind the left ear and he fell to the ground unconscious.

**Now the Heat Record Breaks.**

Boston, June 19. — All heat records for a June 18 were broken generally throughout New England. In this city the highest official temperature was 91.2.

**NEWS FACTS IN OUTLINE**

It is reported that the corpse of Jack Simpkins, implicated by Harry Orchard in the assassination of ex-Governor Steunenberg, of Idaho, has been at Priceboro. The first explosion was [illegible].

Nearly 1,000 delegates are attending a convention at Denver, the object of which is to antagonize Roosevelt's policy as to forest reserves and other land matters.

The United States has notified China of its intention to return to China most of the indemnity exacted for the Boxer atrocities.

William J. Bryan told the Democrats of Oklahoma, in convention at Oklahoma City, that the constitution proposed for the new state was a better document than the national constitution.

President Benjamin Ide Wheeler, of California university, has declined the presidency of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

The International Association of Chief of Police of America has convened at the Jamestown exposition.

A report circulated in Vienna that King Edward has invited the German emperor to visit him this summer cannot be verified officially here.

The drouth in the panhandle country of Texas has been broken.

Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou has arrived at Canton, O., and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Barbour at the McKinley home.

Secretary Metcalf will leave Washington on the 29th inst. for San Francisco.

The King of Siam, who has been taking the waters at Baden Baden, has arrived at Paris on a visit. He was given a hearty reception.

The Nicaraguan forces will withdraw from the Honduras coast within four days.

President Roosevelt has disclaimed any activity in the New York apportionment fight.

# SUN-BEAM CLUB MAKES DONATION

YOUNG GIRLS UNSOLICITED GIVE WOMAN'S CLUB MONEY FOR CHAPEL.

## ACTION OF GIRLS IS APPRECIATED

Regard This As An Omen of Success Which Will Crown Efforts to Raise Money.

The Dixon Woman's club has received the first outside donation to the vault and chapel fund. It comes unsolicited from the Merry Sunbeams, a club composed of the following young girls: Florence Tuny, Hattie Schumm, Edna Johnson, Henrietta Florschutz, Edna Davis, Pauline Felton, Elizabeth Barge and Alta Valle.

The ladies regard this donation as a good omen of success which will crown their efforts to raise the needed sum. If it is true that "a child will lead them," these small maidens will have the joy of knowing that they were first in laying a stone in the foundation on which shall be built a little chapel where the homeless dead and they who come to rest may have the last sad rites in a house of God among the trees of Oakwood cemetery.

The Woman's club appreciates the gift, not for itself but more for the sweet spirit of charity which lends a new charm to young girlhood.

## ANNUAL REPORT BLANKS GO OUT

SCHOOL DIRECTORS AND TREASURERS RECEIVING THEM FROM SUPERINTENDENT.

County Superintendent Edwards is sending out the blanks for the annual reports of the school directors and township treasurers. The trustees must all get their reports to the treasurer before July 7, who in turn must make his report to the county superintendent before July 15. Mr. Edwards will make his report to the state superintendent before August 15th.

## ASTERLING MAN LOSES HIMSELF

AUGUST MYERS COMES TO TOWN AND GETS LOST ON THE CROWDED STREETS.

August Myers, a "journeyman" cigar maker—in every sense of the word—blew into Dixon Sunday morning and went to the picnic. Since then he has been uncertain of his whereabouts, and late Monday afternoon the police found him asleep on the streets. He was locked up this morning and was sentenced to serve ten days in the county jail for vagrancy.

## BOWMAN BEATS WIFE; IS FINED

UNABLE TO PAY, JUSTICE DAVIES SUSPENDS FINE DURING HIS GOOD BEHAVIOR.

Alfred O. Bowman was tried before Justice Davies Monday on the charge of wife beating, was found guilty and assessed $10 and costs. However, as he did not have the money and his incarceration would deprive his family of his support for twenty-five days, after a conference with Chief Woodyatt and City Attorney Watts the fine was suspended during good behavior upon Bowman's promise to pay the costs.

**ASYLUM INMATE IS CAPTURED TODAY**

Sterling, Ill., June 18—Special—Miles Ellsworth, an escaped inmate of the Bartonville Insane asylum, was captured this morning near Lyndon. Ellsworth, who is an incurable, walked all the way from Bartonville to Lyndon with two big dogs for companions.

**Father-in-Law Dies.**

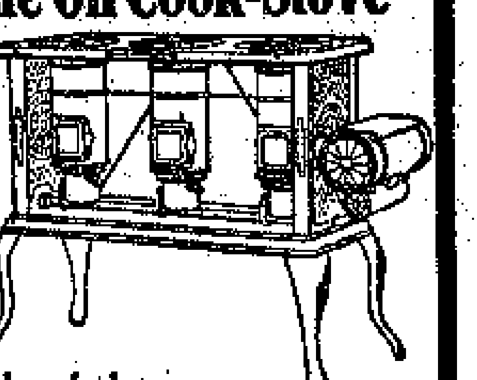
H. Gunz, father-in-law of Adolph Eichler of this city, was called to Milwaukee this morning by the death of his father-in-law, Mr. Joseph Deller, of that place. The gentleman was about eighty years of age and died at one o'clock this morning.

**Bee Stings Boy.**

Claude Trowbridge, son of Wm. Trowbridge, was stung near the eye last night by a bee and the eye is badly swollen.


# The NEW PERFECTION

## Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

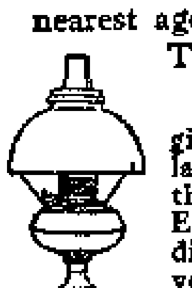


**The *different* Oil Stove**

**The *improved* Oil Stove**

Gives best results. Reduces fuel expense. A working flame at the touch of the match. "Blue Flame" means the hottest flame produced by any stove. The New Perfection will make your work lighter. Will not overheat the kitchen. Made in three sizes, with one, two, and three burners. Every stove warranted. If not at your dealer's, write to our nearest agency.

The ***Rayo Lamp***



gives a clear, steady light. Fitted with latest improved burner. Made of brass throughout and beautifully nickeled. Every lamp warranted. Suitable for library, dining-room, parlor or bedroom. If not at your dealer's, write to our nearest agency.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)


# A Bonded Zone For Export.

By LESLIE M. SHAW, Secretary of the United States Treasury.

SUPPOSE instead of a bonded factory, we bond a well defined section of land containing, if you please, several thousand acres. Within this bonded territory all kinds of factories could be built and into this zone all kinds of raw material could be entered WITHOUT THE PAYMENT OF DUTY. This port should, of course, contain no dwellings. I would allow free coal and every other element of manufacture EXCEPTING LABOR to be entered free.

In other words, this free port should be a great consumer of American labor, the product of which, under the most encouraging conditions, should be for export AND FOR EXPORT ONLY. If it was removed from the port for the purpose of DOMESTIC consumption it should pay the same duty as if imported from abroad. I do not see wherein the American people could be harmed by such a policy, and it would result in furnishing employment to those who choose to live beneath our flag, consume our products and work AT THE AMERICAN SCALE OF WAGES.

All New England would be benefited by such a port somewhere on the north Atlantic coast. A similar port should be established in the vicinity of Norfolk and another on the gulf.

It will take time to develop the thought, but it is in absolute harmony with the present bonded warehouse, bonded factory and drawback policy, and we have the example in the free ports of Germany.

# The Abuses of Divorce Should Be Squarely Met.

By Rev. M. O. SIMONS of Cleveland, O.

THE foundation of society is the home, but TO BE A GOOD FOUNDATION it must be a GOOD home. A bad home, made bad by intolerable conditions which have become fixed and which have utterly destroyed the TRUE MARRIAGE, is no foundation for society. Its continuance may be a greater social evil than a divorce could ever be.

Women are coming to their own in America, and that is WHY divorces are more numerous among us. It is very significant that two-thirds of the divorces are granted to WOMEN. It has become possible at last for woman to throw off intolerable burdens which have crushed her in all the ages. And one thing that puts under suspicion much of the discussion about divorce is that it represents the traditional point of view of the MAN. The traditional and the ecclesiastical points of view are the man's point of view and do not represent the HIGHER APPRECIATION OF WOMAN or of her position in the marriage relationship.

* * *

Divorce is regarded as a disease, when, as a matter of fact, it is only a SYMPTOM of a disease, which disease is wrong ideas of married life, of home life. Treated as a symptom and safeguarded, the institution of the home may be benefited and not hurt by it. To assume that it cannot be SAFEGUARDED is unwarranted. In some cases it is a wrong and a scandal. An abuse of divorce would injure society. But to expect divorce to show no abuses would be as unreasonable as to expect democracy to show no abuses. To prohibit divorce BECAUSE OF ABUSES would be as unreasonable as to revert to monarchy because of the abuses of democracy.

PEOPLE SHOULD MAKE SOME VENTURE OF FAITH IN DEALING WITH DIVORCE AS THEY DO IN DEALING WITH DEMOCRACY, AND BELIEVE THAT ABUSES CAN BE SO MET AND MASTERED THAT THE DANGER IN EXTREME LICENSE IN DIVORCE CAN BE PREVENTED.

# A MAKER OF HISTORY

**By E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM,**

**Author of "The Master Mummer," "A Prince of Sinners," "Mysterious Mr. Sabin," "Anna the Adventuress," Etc.**

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CHAPTER XXXIV.

AT 8 o'clock in the morning Groves, in a discarded dressing gown of his master's, opened the front door and peered cautiously out into the darkness. M. Louis, who was standing upon the doorstep, pushed past him into the hall.

"Your master has sent me to fetch some papers," he announced, displaying a bunch of keys. "I am sorry to disturb you like this, but the matter is important. Please bring me a cup of coffee into the library in half an hour."

Groves, who was sorely perplexed, stood with his back to the door which M. Louis had approached.

"Really, sir," he answered, "I scarcely know what to say. I am afraid that I cannot allow you to interfere with any of my master's property in his absence."

M. Louis held out the keys.

"Quite right," he said. "It is an awkward situation, of course. Your master did not tell you the reason of his sudden departure, I suppose."

"Not a word, sir."

"There can be no harm in telling you this much, at any rate," M. Louis continued smoothly. "Your master, through no fault of his own, got mixed up in a very unpleasant affair in Paris, and he will have to appear in the courts there. I am his friend and wish to do all that I can to help him. We have been talking the matter over, and I have strongly advised him to produce some papers which I think will help him materially. The police officer in whose charge he is would not allow him to return, so he handed me his keys and asked me to fetch them. I can assure you that I am your master's friend and wish to do all that I can to help him. If he had not trusted me, he would not have given me his keys, which no doubt you recognize."

Groves reluctantly stood on one side.

"I suppose I must let you in, sir," he said, "but I wish that the master had sent me a line."

"We had neither pencil nor paper," M. Louis said, "and the affair was urgent. I must be back in Norwich by 8 o'clock."

"I will prepare the coffee, sir," Groves said, turning away. "If you require more light the switches are behind the door."

"Very good," M. Louis said. "You need not have the slightest anxiety. I am here on your master's behalf."

Groves hesitated and looked for a moment curiously around the room. He seemed as though he had something else to say, but checked himself at the last moment and withdrew. M. Louis drew a little breath of relief.

He did not immediately proceed to work. He threw off his overcoat and lit a cigarette. His fingers were steady enough, but he was conscious of an unwonted sense of excitement. He was face to face with destiny. He had played before for great stakes, but never such as these. A single false step, an evil turn in the wheel of fortune, spelled death, and he was afraid to die. He moved to the sideboard. Everything there was as they had left it. He poured out some brandy and drank it off.

With fresh courage he moved to the safe, which stood in the corner of the room. It must be there, if anywhere, that this precious document lay. He tried his keys one by one. At last he found the right one. The great door swung slowly open.

He was spared all anxiety. There on the top of a pile of legal looking documents, leases, title deeds and the like, was a long envelope, and across it in Duncombe's sprawling writing these few words, "Intrusted to me by Miss Poynton.—Sept. 8th."

He grasped it in his fingers and tore open the envelope. As he read the single page of closely written writing his eyes seemed almost to protrude. He gave a little gasp. No wonder there were those who reckoned this single page of manuscript worth a great fortune. Every sentence, every word, told its own story. It was a page of the world's history.

Then a strange thing happened. Some part of him rebelled against the instinct which prompted him to carefully fold and place in his breast pocket this wonderful find of his. His nerves seemed suddenly frozen in his body. There was a curious numb sensation at the back of his neck which forbade him to turn round. His hands shook, his teeth chattered. The sweat of death was upon his forehead and despair in his heart. He had heard nothing, seen nothing, yet he knew that he was no longer alone.

When at last he turned round he turned his whole body. The muscles of his neck were numbed still, his knees shook and his face was ghastly. M. Louis of the Cafe Montmartre, brave of tongue and gallant of bearing, had suddenly collapsed. M. Louis, the drug sodden degenerate of a family whose nobles had made gay the scaffolds of the Place de la Republique, cowered in his place.

It was the worst upon which he looked with chattering teeth, but without surprise. The door of the inner room was open, and upon the threshold stood Toquet, small, dark and sinister—Toquet, with something which glittered in his hand, so that M. Louis, already the prey of a diseased and ghastly imagination, felt the pain of the bullet in his heart. On an easy chair by the fireside Henri de Bergillac was lounging, with a queer smile upon his lips.

"My friend," he said quietly, though the scorn which underlay his words seemed to bite the air, "you have solved for us a double problem. First, how to account for the absence of our host, and, secondly, how to open that very formidable looking safe. You will be so good as to place upon the table that document which you hold in your hands."

For a single second M. Louis hesitated. Some lingering vestige of a courage, purely hereditary, showed him in one lightning-like flash how at least he might carry with him to a swift grave some vestige of his ruined self respect. A traitor to his old friends, he might at least keep faith with the new. He had time to destroy. Even the agonies of death might last long enough to complete the task. But the impulse was only momentary. He shuddered afresh at the thought that he might have yielded to it. He threw it upon the table.

The vicomte [illegible] glanced through the closely written page with something of the same excitement which had inspired its recent possessor, and carefully buttoned it up in his breast pocket. Then he turned once more to the man who stood before them, broken and trembling.

"Louis," he said, "you are the first traitor whom our society has hatched. I look upon you with curiosity as a thing I once called my friend. What imbecility prompted you to this?"

M. Louis found nerve to shrug his shoulders.

"A million francs!" he answered.

"Heavens, but what folly!" the vicomte murmured. "Did we not all know that a German was in Paris who had offered a million or two million francs for the missing page of that treaty? Do you think that he was not watched day and night? Bah! I have no patience to talk of this. What have you done with our host?"

"Arrested him for—Flossie. He is in a ditch halfway to Norwich."

"Hurt?"

"No. Chloroformed."

"How did you get here?"

"In an automobile from Lynn."

"Good! It waits for you?"

"Yes."

"We will take it. My good friend here, Toquet, is familiar with the neighborhood. As Mr. Fielding, the American millionaire, you learned the excellence of these roads for quick traveling, did you not, mon ami? So!"

"You leave me here?" M. Louis faltered.

"Aye, to rot if you will!" the vicomte answered, with sudden harshness.

"I will atone!" M. Louis faltered. "It was a single false step!"

De Bergillac looked down upon him with unspeakable contempt.

"Atone! Listen, Louis! In this country you are safe. Crawl away into

*As he read the single page of writing his eyes seemed almost to protrude.*

some hiding place and make what you will of the rest of your days, but I will promise you this—if ever you set your feet upon one inch of France you shall meet with your deserts. There are many things which those who play the great game must pardon, but there is one crime for which no atonement is possible, and you have committed it. You are a traitor!"

De Bergillac turned away. The effeminancy of his manner seemed to have disappeared under the strain of his extreme anger. It was his race, after all, which had asserted itself. And then the door was thrown suddenly open, and a wild looking figure confronted them.

It was Duncombe, muddy from head to foot, pale and with a slight wound upon the temple, from which the blood had trickled down his face. He saw the open safe, and M. Louis, a pitiful figure, and he did not hesitate. He scarcely glanced at the others. He strode forward and seized the baron by the collar.

"Give me back what you have stolen, you blackguard!" he exclaimed.

M. Louis was breathless. It was the young vicomte who interposed.

"Our friend," he remarked suavely, "has not been successful in his little effort. The document he came to purloin is in my pocket, and here, Sir George, is my warrant for retaining possession of it."

He held out a note, which Duncombe took and read, with a little sigh of relief.

"Good!" he exclaimed. "You have the document?"

De Bergillac tapped his breast pocket.

"It is here," he said.

Duncombe turned to M. Louis.

"My arrest, then," he remarked, "was part of the game?"

"Exactly!" De Bergillac answered. "This little document, intrusted to your care by the young English lady, was worth a million francs to the man who suborned our friend here. It was worth while, this little enterprise. The pity of it is that it has failed. Sir George, I go to Paris tonight. I offer you a safe conduct if you care to accompany me. L'affaire Poynton does not exist any more."

"Can you give me ten minutes to change my clothes?" Duncombe asked eagerly.

"No more," De Bergillac answered. "I will get rid of our friend here."

There was a knock at the door. Groves entered with coffee. At the sight of his master he nearly dropped the tray.

"It's all right, Groves," Duncombe said, smiling. "We had a little spill, and I've lost my bag. Pack me some more things, will you?"

"Very good, sir!" Groves answered and withdrew precipitately.

De Bergillac laid his hand upon Duncombe's arm.

"There is only one thing, my friend," he said. "I trust that it is Mr. Guy Poynton who is your friend and not his beautiful sister? Eh? I am answered! The misfortune! Never mind. I will drink my coffee to les belle yeux de les autres!"

CHAPTER XXXV.

THREE men were the sole occupants of the great room whose windows looked out upon the Louvre. The table around which they were seated was strewn with papers and maps. The door of the room was locked, and a sentry stood outside in the passage. The three men were busy making history.

The man who occupied the seat at the head of the table was the M. Grisson, to whom Guy Poynton, at the instigation of the Duc de Bergillac, had told his story. It was he who was spokesman.

"The situation," he said, "is one which bristles with difficulties. We will assume for a moment the truth of what we have certainly reasonable ground to believe. Russia has shown every sign of disappointment with us for our general attitude during the war. Our understanding with England has provoked a vigorous though unofficial protest from her representatives here. Since then our relations have become to a certain extent strained. Germany, ever on the lookout for complications which might lead to her own advantage, steps in. Her attitude toward Russia is changed to one of open and profound sympathy. Russia in her desperate straits rises like a starving fish to a fat fly. Here it is that our secret service steps in."

"Our secret service and her allies," one of the other men murmured.

"Exactly! We pass now into the consideration of facts which need one thing only to justify our course of action. Evidence is brought to us that a secret meeting took place between the czar of Russia and the emperor of Germany. From all the information which we have collected that meeting was possible. I personally believe that it took place. A treaty is said to have been drawn up between them having for its object the enslavement of England with Russia and alliance of Germany with Russia so far as regards her quarrel with England. We know that Germany is secretly mobilizing men and ships.

"We know that the ambition of the emperor is to possess himself of the colonies of Great Britain, if not actually to hold his court in London. We know that his jealousy of King Edward amounts to a disease. We know that he is a man of daring and violent temper, with an indomitable will and an unflinching belief in his own infallibility and the infallibility of his army and navy. We know that he has at least a dozen schemes for a sudden attack upon England, and, mighty though the navy of Great Britain is, it is not in our opinion strong enough to protect her shores from the combined Baltic and German fleets and also protect her colonies. England, through our friendship, has been warned. She proposes with most flattering alacrity the only possible counter stroke—an alliance with ourselves. We must decide within twelve hours. The treaty lies upon my desk there. Upon us must rest the most momentous decision which any Frenchman within our recollection has been called upon to make. What have you to say, gentlemen?"

There was a short silence. Then the man who sat at M. Grisson's right hand spoke.

"The issues before us," he said slowly, "are appalling. Every Frenchman's blood must boil at the thought of Germany greedily helping herself to the mighty wealth and power of Great Britain—becoming by this single master stroke the strongest nation on earth, able to dictate even to us and to send her word unchallenged throughout the world. It is a hideous picture. It must mean the abandonment forever of the hope of every true Frenchman. Every minute will become a menace to us. Wilhelm, the arrogant, with British gold and British ships at his back, will never forget to flaunt himself before us to our eternal humiliation."

"You are taking it for granted," his neighbor remarked, "that Germany will be successful."

"The odds are in her favor," was the quiet reply. "The navy of Great Britain is immense, but her sea front, so to speak, is enormous. She is open to be the prey of a sudden swift attack, and the moment has never been more favorable."

"Let all these things be granted," the third man said. "Even then are we free to enter into this alliance with England? Our treaty with Russia remains. We have no proof that she has broken faith with us. If this secret treaty between Russia and Germany really exists it is of course another matter. But does it? We have nothing but the word of an English boy. The rest is all assumption. The whole affair might be a nightmare. We might sign this treaty with England and find afterward that we had been the victim of a trick. We should be branded before the face of all Europe, and our great financial interests in Russia would at once be placed in a perilous position."

A telephone upon the table rang softly. M. Grisson held the receiver to his ear and listened. Then he rose to his feet.

"Count von Munchen desires a word with me," he announced. "He pledges himself not to keep me more than five minutes. I had better receive him. Excuse me, gentlemen."

The two men were left alone. The elder and stouter of the two busied himself with an inch rule and an atlas. He seemed to be making calculations as to the distance between Cherbourg and a certain spot in the North sea.

"What is the chief's own mind?" his companion asked. "Does any one know?"

The other shook his head.

"Who can say? Our ties of friendship with England are too recent to make this a matter of sentiment. I believe that without proof he fears to accept this statement. And yet above all things he fears Germany. There was some talk of a missing page of the actual treaty between Russia and Germany. If this could be found I believe that he would sign the draft treaty."

"I myself," the other said, "do not believe that England would be so easily overpowered."

"It is the suddenness and treachery of the attack which counts so greatly in its favor," his companion said. "It might be all over in two days before she could assemble a fifth part of her forces. If our information is correct Germany has men enough mobilized to run huge risks. Besides, you know how Lafarge's report ran and what he said. 'The German army is beginning to suffer from a sort of dry rot, as must all institutions which fulfill a different purpose than that for which they exist. The emperor knows it. If war does not come Germany will have to face severe military troubles.'"

"I myself am for the alliance."

"And I," the other replied. "If proof of this Germano-Russian understanding could be produced."

M. Grisson returned. He carefully closed and locked the door behind him.

"Gentlemen," he said, "the German ambassador has just left me. His mission in every way confirms our secret information. He has been instructed to inquire as to our attitude in the event of any British interference with the Baltic fleet while in home waters."

The two men looked up expectantly. M. Grisson continued.

"I replied that it was a contingency which we scarcely thought it worth while to consider. I expressed my firm belief that England would observe all the conventions written and understood of international law."

"And he?"

"He was not satisfied, of course. He declared that he had certain information that England was making definite plans with a view to insure the delay of the fleet. He went on to say that Germany was determined not to tolerate any such thing, and he concludes that we, as Russia's ally, would at any rate remain neutral should Germany think it her duty to interfere."

"And your reply?"

"I answered that in the event of untoward happenings France would act as her honor dictated, remaining always mindful of the obligations of her alliance. He was quite satisfied."

"He had no suspicion of this?" the young man asked, touching the treaty with his forefinger.

"None. It is believed in Germany that the young Englishman was really found drowned in the Seine after a short career of dissipation. Our friends served us well here. Now, gentlemen, the English ambassador will be here in twenty minutes. What am I to say to him? Do we sign this draft agreement or do we not?"

There was a silence which lasted nearly a minute. Then the younger of the two men spoke.

"Sir," he said respectfully, "without some proof of Russia's falsity I cannot see how in honor we can depart from our treaty obligations with her to the extent of signing an agreement with her putative enemy. England must fight her own battle, and God help her!"

"And you?" M. Grisson asked, turning to the third man.

"I agree," was the regretful answer. "If this treacherous scheme is carried out I believe that France will be face to face with the greatest crisis she has known in history. Even then I dare not suggest that we court dishonor by breaking an alliance with a friend in distress."

"You are right, gentlemen," M. Grisson said, with a sigh. "We must tell Lord Fothergill that our relations with his country must remain unaltered. I"—

Again the telephone bell rang. M. Grisson listened and replied with a sudden return to his old briskness of manner.

"It is young De Bergillac," he announced. "He has been to England in search of that missing page of the treaty. I have told them to show him in."

The vicomte entered, paler than ever from recent travel and deeply humiliated from the fact that there was a smut upon his collar which he had no time to remove. He presented a paper to M. Grisson and bowed. The premier spread it out upon the table, and the faces of the three men as they read became a study. M. Grisson rang the bell.

"M. le Duc de Bergillac and a young English gentleman," he told the attendant, "are in my private retiring room. Desire their presence."

The servant withdrew. The three men looked at one another.

"If this is genuine!" the younger murmured.

"It is the Russian official paper," his elder declared, holding it up to the light.

Then the Duc de Bergillac and Guy Poynton were ushered in. M. Grisson rose to his feet.

"M. Poynton," he said, "we have all three heard your story as to what you witnessed in the forests of Posen. It is part of your allegation that a page of writing from the private car which you were watching was blown to your feet and that you picked it up and brought it to Paris with you. Look at this sheet of paper carefully. Tell me if it is the one."

Guy glanced at it for a moment and handed it back.

"It is certainly the one," he answered. "If you look at the back you will see my initials there and the date."

M. Grisson turned it over quickly. The two other men looked over his shoulder, and one of them gave a little exclamation. The initials and date were there.

Then M. Grisson turned once more to Guy. He was not a tall man, but he had dignity, and his presence was impressive. He spoke very slowly.

"M. Guy Poynton," he said, "it is not often that so great an issue—that the very destinies of two great countries must rest upon the simple and uncorroborated story of one man. Yet that is the position in which we stand today. Do not think that you are being treated with distrust. I speak to you not on behalf of myself, but for the millions of human beings whose welfare is my care and for those other millions of your own countrymen whose interests must be yours. I ask you solemnly, is this story of yours word for word a true one?"

Guy looked him in the face resolutely and answered without hesitation.

"On my honor as an Englishman," he declared, "it is true!"

M. Grisson held out his hand.

"Thank you!" he said.

The three men were again alone. The man who controlled the destinies of France dipped his pen in the ink.

"Gentlemen," he said, "do you agree with me that I shall sign this draft?"

"We do!" they both answered.

The president signed his name. Then he turned the handle of the telephone.

"You can show Lord Fothergill in!" he ordered.

(To Be Continued.)


HOW'S THIS.

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Cosmetics will ruin the complexion. There's no beauty practice equal to the effects of Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It keeps the entire body in perfect health. Tea or Tablets, 35 cents.

Sold by Rowland Bros.

A man who is in perfect health, so that he can do an honest day's work when necessary, has much for which he should be thankful. Mr. L. C. Rodgers of Branchton, Pa., writes that he was not only unable to work, but he couldn't stoop over to tie his own shoes. Six bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made a new man of him. He says, "Success to Foley's Kidney Cure."

Sold by Rowland Bros.


# REBELLION DEVELOPS

## That Is the Apparent Outcome of the "Strike" of French Wine Growers.

## REBELS ARE USING DYNAMITE

### Purpose Is to Stop Transportation of Troops to the Scene.

### Populace Is Very Incendiary and Three Departments Are in Revolt—Matter Considered in Parliament.

Paris, June 10. — The government appears to have acted none to soon in determining to set the law in motion against the revolutionaries in the south of France. The prefects report the commencement of efforts to raise the populace and three departments—the Aude, Herault and Pyrenees-Orientales—are apparently nearing a stage when aggressiveness will replace the passivity which heretofore has marked the movements. Advices from Narbonne, department of the Aude, show that the situation there has become worse. Dynamite has been discovered on the railroads; in some cases the tracks have been removed and the telegraph wires have been cut, with the object of impeding the arrival of troops and the revolted villagers have been pulling up the pavements and collecting materials for barricades.

**Populace Is Incendiary.**

The excitement at Narbonne and other places in the south has increased dangerously owing to the announcement of the activity of the government and the agitation of the hot heads. The announcement of the intention of the government to arrest the leaders of the winegrowers' movement was promptly followed by a general rising of the countryside with the object of making fierce resistance to the government forces. In view of the incendiary threats of the population the general staff of the Sixteenth army corps held a midnight conference at Montpelier and all the plans were made to meet eventualities.

**"Peaceable Strike" a Failure.**

The winegrowers' committee at Argelliers is still outwardly counselling a "strike with folded arms," but its followers evidently are out of hand. Summonses are out against the whole winegrowers' committee on the charge of inciting the people to revolt, and a number of mayors will be prosecuted for attempting to overthrow the central government. Detachments of cavalry from the east are on their way to replace the local troops.

### MATTER UP IN THE DEPUTIES

**Clemenceau Says That Three Departments Are in Revolt.**

The action of the government led to a lively debate in the chamber of deputies. Premier Clemenceau refused to agree to the immediate discussion of an interpellation on the subject of the government's plan, and demanded its postponement to June 21. He declared that all means of conciliation had now been exhausted, and that as chief of the government he was bound to force respect for the law. The wine growers' committee of Argelliers had set up itself in place of the central government, and three departments had engaged in a revolt against the country's law and were threatening to burn out and otherwise terrorizing mayors and others who refused allegiance to the committee.

Summons had been issued for those responsible for this state of affairs. If the chamber defeated the postponement of the interpellation he would immediately countermand the prosecutions and the chamber would be held responsible for the grave consequences. It was his desire to avoid the threatened bloody conflict.

After heated remarks from M. Jaures, the Socialist leader, who declared the government had brought the country to the verge of civil war, M. Sarraut and Ribot came to the support of the cabinet, the latter saying that the situation was the worst in thirty-seven years. The government's motion finally was adopted by 412 to 158 votes.

**Situation Full of Menace.**

Narbonne, France, June 10. — As a result of the decision of the government to take action against the revolutionaries an attempt was made to arrest Marcelin Albert, who is the undisputed leader of the movement, and M Ferroul, ex-mayor of Narbonne. The situation is full of menace. Practically the whole population is in the streets and the wildest excitement prevails.

**Diplomatic Appointments.**

Oyster Bay, N. Y., June 10. — The president has announced the following appointments: Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary, Richmond Pearson, of North Carolina, to Greece and Montenegro; S. Percival Dodge, of Massachusetts, to Honduras and Salvador, John B. Jackson, of New Jersey, to Persia.

**Kills His Mother-in-Law.**

Bridgeport, O., June 10. — Isaac Redpath, a miner, shot and instantly killed his mother-in-law, Mrs. Caroline Harding, aged 59, at Bailee, four miles west of Bridgeport. He later surrendered. Redpath admits the killing and says it was the result of a quarrel due to his separation from his wife last Saturday.


**FAIR EXCHANGE.**

**A New Back For an Old One—How It Is Done in Dixon.**

The back aches at times with a dull, indescribable feeling, making you weary and restless; piercing pains shoot across the region of the kidneys, and again the loins are so lame to stoop is agony. No use to rub or apply a plaster to the back in this condition. You cannot reach the cause. Exchange the bad back for a new and stronger one. Follow the example of this Dixon citizen.

Mrs. Kathern Drew of Galena avenue, Dixon, Ill., says: "For a long time I was a sufferer from kidney trouble. I suffered from a weak back and headaches for years. Sometimes the pains in my back would become so severe that I would have to lie down, the pains would run up my spine and down my hips. I was unable to stoop or lift anything without those awful, shooting pains. I went to bed completely worn out and felt the same way when I arose in the morning, and it was with difficulty that I dressed myself. I lost weight until I was very much alarmed. I had taken many different remedies and now sent for my physician. His medicine did not give me relief. A friend recommended Doan's Kidney Pills and I procured a box at Leake Bros.' drug store, and took them according to directions. Within forty-eight hours I could feel that the pains were less severe. I used three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills and they cured me entirely. I have had no return of the kidney trouble and am glad to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to others who are troubled as I was."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name — Doan's — and take no other.

W. R. Ward of Dyersburg, Tenn., writes: "This is to certify that I have used Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup for chronic constipation, and it has proven, without a doubt, to be a thorough, practical remedy for this trouble, and it is with pleasure I offer for my conscientious reference."

Sold by Rowland Bros.

For scratches, burns, insect bites and the many little hurts common to every family, DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve is the best remedy. It is soothing, cooling, clean and healing. Be sure you get DeWitt's. Sold by Rowland Bros.

There is no case of indigestion, no matter how irritable or how obstinate that will not be speedily relieved by the use of Kodol. The main factor in curing the stomach of any disorder is rest, and the only way to get rest is to actually digest the food for the stomach itself. Kodol will do it. It is a scientific preparation of vegetable acids containing the very same juices found in a healthy stomach. It conforms to the Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by Rowland Bros.

**Cured Hemorrhages of the Lungs.**

"Several years since my lungs were so badly affected that I had many hemorrhages," writes A. M. Ake, of Wood, Ind. "I took treatment with several physicians without any benefit. I then started to take Foley's Honey and Tar, and my lungs are now as sound as a bullet. I recommend it in advanced stages of lung trouble." Foley's Honey and Tar stops the cough and heals the lungs, and prevents serious results from a cold. Refuse substitutes.

Sold by Rowland Bros.

**A Lesson in Health.**

Healthy kidneys filter the impurities from the blood, and unless they do this good health is impossible. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys and will positively cure all forms of kidney and bladder disease. It strengthens the whole system.

Sold by Rowland Bros.

"This little pig went to market,"
doesn't amuse tonight,
[illegible] not well; what's the matter,
her little cheeks are so white;
Poor little tummy is aching, naughty
old pain go away.
Cascasweet mother must give her,
then she'll be bright as the day.

It is sold here by Rowland Bros.

**CHICHESTER'S PILLS**

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH

$1.00 Year

PUBLISHED BY
B. F. SHAW PRINTING COMPANY

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER AT DIXON POST OFFICE.

Nothing is more silly than the pleasure some people take in "speaking their own minds." A man of this make will say a rude thing for the mere pleasure of saying it, when an opposite behavior, full as innocent, might have preserved his own friend or made his fortune.

—Sir Richard Steele

Experience keeps a very dear school, but fools will learn in no other, and scarcely in that; for it is true we may give advice, but we cannot give conduct. Remember this: they that will not be counseled cannot be helped. If you do not hear season, she will rap you over your knuckles.

—Benjamin Franklin

### KIND WORDS.

Burlington Hawk-Eye: John H. Moore, editor of the Dixon Telegraph, is dead at the age of 72 years. He had, no doubt, said many wise things and had done more than the majority of his fellow men to encourage everything that is god and worthy. Perhaps his work and his efforts were never fully appreciated during his life. May his readers hold him in grateful remembrance. While they are all very human, there are none, who so earnestly and consistently strive, not for their own betterment, but for the betterment of their towns and states and of the whole country, as do the editors of the papers great and small, the men who for some unaccountable reason are being pushed farther and farther into the rear. It was never their nature to pose in the lime light and to seek the center of the stage. But there does not seem any good reason for crowding them off entirely. They probably do their work as well as any other people in a community and they do more work for the community than any other.

### GIVE THE BOY A CHANCE.

The Illinois State Journal wants to talk to you about your boy.

It will be assumed that he is, apparently, an everyday, ordinary boy, with the usual amount of spirits, mischief and hard-headedness. It will be taken for granted that he has not always been as good as he might have been, and that you have been fortunate enough to find this out. It will also be supposed that he is occasionally just about as big a handful as either you or his mother cares to contend with, and that he has his share of ignorance and wisdom, affection and temper, good and bad.

It will be agreed that he seems to have in him the making of an average good man.

But what else has he? What else is inside of that head? What else is hidden in the personality that looks out of those eyes? What else is there locked up in that undeveloped brain? What else can those hands do some day, those eyes perceive, that brain create?

All the human ability that there is, or ever has been, or ever will be, may be sleeping in the soul of that everyday boy.

This is a miracle of childhood. There are infinite possibilities in every child.

Yours may have it in him to be as eloquent as Cicero, as strategic as Hannibal, as poetic as Milton, or as melodious as Beethoven. He may be as great a patriot as Washington, as profound a thinker as Darwin, or as magnetic a leader as Mahomet. If there are to be any great men and women of tomorrow, they must develop from the boys and girls of today.

You do not want to take the chance of robbing yours of what belongs to them.

Suppose they had made a notion clerk of Roosevelt, or a doctor of Moody, or a stable boy of Shakespeare? The great men became great because they discovered in time what was hidden away inside of them.

But think how many more greater men and women the world has lost because neither parents nor early training nor circumstances encouraged them to find and use the talents with which they were born.

Surely, as the poet Gray put it, there are Hampdens and Miltons and Cromwells in every country churchyard!

There is some one thing that your boy and your girl will be able to do better than anything else.

Find out what it is. If you lay brick, your boy may build bridges. If you care only for society, your girl may have monuments erected to her memory as one who gave up her life for nobler things. If you heal the sick in body your boy may heal the sick in soul. If you follow, he may lead.

Give the boy a chance.

### ELOQUENCE.

At the close of a Lee county old settlers' meting, Mr. J. S. Briggs, one of the old and respected ones of Amboy, spoke as follows, and his eloquence is so quaint and curious we believe it should be embalmed with the type of The Telegraph for all time:

Under the high arched heavens, with semi-cloudless sky, you are assembled together to listen to the orator of the day and apparently mingling in the sunshine of happiness. You have listened to the condensed contributions of great and gifted minds. The germs of intellect have budded, blossomed and matured within your sphere, and in Lee county. Man, like unto a pendulum, suspended by a silken cord vibrating to and fro, not knowing whither to zenith or to nadir to go. But to the aged, as you step down the banks of that beautiful river and float on the stream of life, wafted by the gentle breezes and fanned by the wings of love, may your future be as bright as a star in the constellation.

Thus far I have made no mention of women. Ladies are present. Women should be pretty much everywhere. She was present at the meeting in the Garden of Eden, although the gathering was small. Without woman the world would be sad, dreary and in darkness. It would excel all the eclipse the world ever knew, including the late one this morning. But women shall have the light of the world. We will take her into our ship and navigate space, stopping to take in brain food at Venice, Jupiter, Saturn and Mars, thence swiftly we'll glide on toward the fixed stars; then at the greatest altitude we will fix her up on the pinnacle of Fame and then let her eat. Let knowledge and wisdom rack the brains of the rising generation and burst through the aurora borealis.

### FORMER CITIZENS MAKE DIXON A VISIT

Mrs. Magee, who will be remembered as a daughter of Hall Church, an old resident of Walton, and her daughter, Miss Mabel Briggs, are here from Toppenisk, Wash., for a visit with old friends and relatives. Mrs. Magee has for the past two years edited and conducted most successfully the Toppenisk Review, a weekly paper published in her home town.

### LITTLE SON IS PAINFULLY INJURED

The five year old son of Albert Diehler of West Chamberlain street, met with a painful accident yesterday. He with a number of other children were playing, when the little fellow was struck in the eye with a sharp stick, the stick going through the lower lid and penetrating the eyeball. The attending physician believes that the eye can be saved.

### ODD FELLOWS VISIT ROCK FALLS TONIGHT

The Odd Fellows will leave on the 7 o'clock interurban car this evening for Rock Falls, and it is expected that the number of the local lodge who will attend will be very large. The drill team of the Dixon lodge will confer a first degree on a candidate which the Rock Falls lodge will put through.

### YOUNG MAN IS HIGHLY HONORED

Hobart More Gibboney, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Gibboney of Rockford and a nephew of O. B. Dodge of this city, has received the degree of doctor of laws from the University of Chicago. This is his second degree from this school, he having been awarded the degree of bachelor of philosophy two years ago.

#### Raised a Big Barn.

A big barn 36x70 feet was raised Tuesday on B. Frank Hoover's farm east of Penrose. In addition to half a hundred neighbors assisting in the work, a traction engine and rope and tackle was used. This assisted materially in the work. At noon a big dinner was served.

## HARMON EXCITED BOMB WAS FOUND

### INSTRUMENT OF DEATH IS DISCOVERED BY PRESIDENT OF BOARD.

## WEARY WILLIE WAS SHOWN ROAD

### Aid Society Gives Splendid Dinner—Ball Game Sunday—Personal Mention.

Harmon, June 20.—Yesterday a. m. on going to his place of business President Durr of the village board lands and did no damage anywhere, except to delay corn plowing a few hours.

#### Aid Society Dinner.

The ladies of the Methodist church found a mysterious article in front of Brill & Conner's pump house.

The instrument of death, or whatever it may be, is about two and a half inches in length, an inch and an eighth in diameter. The case is of tin, one end being closed. From the open end projects a copper wire and a short fuse.

What the thing is it is hard to tell and no one here had the temerity to break it open with a hatchet. For safe keeping, the instrument is locked up in a cell in the city bastile, where it awaits its owner.

#### Harmon Gets Rain.

The rain of Tuesday night was heavy in Harmon, but west and south of here it was hardly sufficient to lay the dust. While it was not essential, it helped the light soil of the up-yesterday gave one of their famous ten cent dinners at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hettinger. A large number of people partook of the dinner and a considerable sum was realized because of the fact that the diners were permitted to pay what they thought it was worth.

#### Didn't Say Goodbye.

A hobo came to town about a week ago with some money in his pocket, which lasted only a few days. He then began to beg, and this the citizens stood for awhile because not so many years ago he was a useful member of society and comes of a good family. Yesterday, upon being refused a "loan," he became abusive, using language in a public place that was not seemly. The authorities were notified and the Weary Willie was ordered to vamoose, but instead disputed the right of the officer to interfere. He was persuaded, with the help of a solar plexus blow and the application of sole leather he was made to seek newer pastures.

#### Exciting Ball Game.

Sunday's ball game between the Sterling and Harmon teams was not by any means a scientific exhibition. Up to the first half of the sixth inning it was a tame affair—too one-sided to be of interest, on account of the inability of the Sterlingites to connect with Pitcher Ed Lang's benders.

The score—Harmon 9, Sterling 7.

#### Change in Crow Industry.

For several years past Tommy Garland has found it profitable as well as amusing to capture young crows, train them for pets and sell them. After July 1 he will, no doubt, revise his plans and in season devote his time to the collection of crow eggs, which will be worth sixty cents a dozen. The profits on an individual transaction will not be so large as formerly, but the aggregate sum received will be about the same as in former years.

#### Personals.

Sheriff Tourtillott was in the village yesterday on official business.

C. C. Thornhill is busy painting buggies, he having thoroughly mastered the trade which he follows in connection with blacksmithing.

The parties to the Monsoven replevin suit were in attendance at Justice Shaner's court in Dixon yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. DuVall of Dixon visited with Mrs. A. Purcell yesterday.

Thomas P. Long and John D. McKeel of Harmon, Thomas Phillips and C. B. Reigwin of Hamilton have been summoned as jurors to help decide the condemnation proceedings in the case of the S. D. & E. Ry. Co. vs. Brauer.

Henry Stoffregen was in Dixon on business yesterday.

Don't forget the dance in Durr's hall Friday evening of this week.

Messrs. Schorr, Bradley and Beier of Dixon made the trip to Harmon Monday evening in the latter's auto, going from here to Sterling, accompanied by Mr. Ryan.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Grady of Sterling were in Harmon Sunday calling on old friends and witnessing the ball game.

Louis Wiser of Sterling, formerly of this place, was in the village on Sunday.

P. E. Drew had business at the county seat yesterday.

C. F. Riberdy of Whiteside county was in the village on business yesterday.

Joseph Gronman visited Harmon friends Sunday and Monday.

Misses Ada N. Dewey and Ina N. Kugler made the rounds Monday—to Amboy, Dixon and Sterling, it being necessary on Mondays to travel thirty-eight miles by train to reach Sterling, ten miles from Harmon.

## CONTRACTOR-BUILDER IS DEAD

### HENRY WICHER DIES AT HIS HOME IN DIXON—FUNERAL TO BE HELD FRIDAY.

Henry Wicher died at his home, 512 North Ottawa avenue, at 12:50 o'clock this morning, death resulting from Bright's disease and complications. The deceased was born at Cowes, Island of Wight, April 4, 1838. He came to Canada with his parents when he was three years old and spent his youth in England's American possession. He enlisted and served with the British army in the Crimean war, and shortly after the treaty of peace and the discharge of the army he moved to New York City. He was married to Miss Georgiana Scott at Birmingham, N. Y., in 1865, and shortly after his marriage he moved to Anamosa, Iowa, living there for many years and afterwards moving to Cedar Rapids, Iowa, where he resided until last November, when he moved to Dixon. He is survived by his wife and eight children, who are: Edgar Henry of St. Louis; Arthur Eugene of Sioux Falls, S. Dak.; Clyde LeRoy of Eldena; Floyd of Cedar Rapids, Ia.; Clifford and Glenn at home; Mrs. Lee Farley, of Cedar Rapids, and Mrs. Charles Kopatsky.

The funeral will be held at the house tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock, Rev. S. R. Cryer will officiate and interment will be made in Oakwood. The decedent was a contractor and builder and his business life has been a successful one. He was well liked by many friends and his death will be mourned by them.

## WORKMAN IS SEVERELY INJURED

### JOHN BEHRENDT OF HARMON FALLS FROM PILE DRIVER ON MONDAY P. M.

John Behrendt of Harmon, who has the contract to make the fill at the bridge over Holland creek, in Nelson township, which was washed out by the high water last winter, was severely injured while working on the pile driver Monday afternoon. In some way he fell from the machine and sustained a fracture of the left collar bone, in addition to several other painful bruises about the body.

The accident is the first that has happened at the place where the fill is being made, although the work being done is quite extensive. Twenty-five four poles are being driven into the roadway and these will be covered with dirt. Several people nearly lost their lives here when the bridge went out.

## WOODMEN ARRANGE FOR SPEAKER

The picnic of the Modern Woodmen of the Tri-County association is to be a big thing, is the plans of the committee. A meeting of those in charge was held in Sterling last evening and arrangements were started for the appearance of a novelty aeronaut during the day. Three bands will be engaged and an orchestra will furnish music during the afternoon and evening. The committee is now in correspondence with Head Consul W. F. Talbot, in an effort to secure him for the speaker of the day. Those who attended the meeting from this city were: J. H. Dester, Jacob Hambleck, A. J. Scrivens, W. W. Brown, William Perkins and E. L. Shaner. It was decided not to attempt a dance at Central park on the night of July 4th.

Joseph Dauntler has made arrangements to exhibit his moving pictures at Polo on July Fourth.

Mr. Hornaman, who has been engaged at the Sandusky cement plant, returned to Milwaukee last evening.

D. Allie Curran and lady friend attended a six o'clock dinner with friends in Rock Falls on Wednesday evening.

## Construction of Electric Railroads

### CONTRIBUTED BY DIXON FINANCIER

There are at the present time a number of projects before the public for the construction of electric lines in this vicinity, and many interested persons have been hoping to see some of these lines built soon.

Some of these lines have been planned for several years, and the subject of their construction is revived periodically, while other new plans are occasionally being presented. From the standpoint of interested property owners it would appear certain that some of these lines were on the point of immediate progress, judging from the newspaper articles that are inspired from that source. It will be well, therefore, to call the attention of the public to the fact that there are two standpoints from which all these enterprises can be viewed. One is, the enthusiastic position of the public spirited citizen, who wishes to see his town linked with the surrounding country in all directions of the compass. The other is, the standpoint of the investor whose money will purchase the bonds, without the sale of which the railroad cannot be built.

Surveyors and promoters can plan railroads, but somewhere there must exist investors with money, whose judgment approves the investment in the road, or the road will never materialize. It would appear from some of the articles which appear in print, that it is a very easy matter for a committee of promoters to go to Wall street, and sell any kind of bonds to build any kind of a railroad. The only thing necessary, apparently, is to have surveys made, and resurveyed, and then surveyed again, to induce these custom capitalists to buy bonds. Some of the railroads around this city have been surveyed three or four times, and the claim seems to be made that the eastern capitalists still require more surveying, before they will buy the bonds. The local people interested are usually called upon to pay for this surveying, and it is perhaps worthy of mention, that in almost every one of these projects some of the promoters themselves are practical surveyors, and are very willing to be employed to re-survey the line as often as required. From the standpoint of the financier, there are other elements that decide the possibility of raising money to build one of these roads.

The main question is whether there is a tributary population sufficient to furnish a paying business. It is necessary to support an electric railroad that there be a population of about two thousand people per mile of track that can be counted on to patronize the road. This population must be so divided that it will call for an interchange of traffic. In other words a line of twenty miles with twenty thousand population at each end of the line, and some intermediate population, would be a paying route. A line with thirty-five thousand population at one end, and only two or three thousand population at the other end, would not be a paying route. There is not one of the projected lines in the vicinity of Dixon that offers the necessary population to support a railroad, viewed from the standpoint of investment. It would appear, therefore, that if any of these projected lines are built they must be built entirely by local capital, and that will be just as impossible as to obtain outside capital, if the lack of supporting population makes the enterprise unpromising as an investment.

At the present moment the Burlington Railroad company is planning seriously a readjustment of the St. Paul line of their railroad, so as to reduce grades. The new location of their line will bring the road within less than five miles of Dixon. A little effort on the part of our citizens might in connection with this new construction result in a railroad connection by the Burlington with our own city. This would be a very desirable result if it could be obtained. The business of the cement works would make it very advantageous to the Burlington railroad to connect with Dixon.

This suggestion is worth looking into as it offers much more probability of accomplishment than any of the electric lines which have been discussed.

VAILE AND O'MALLEY

Every day some one tells us he gets his clothes made. This is an old story with many that do not take the time to even look at the clothes we sell. But one trial of clothes that are sold at this store will convince the most prejudiced, that we are selling clothes that not only have more style, but fit better than most so-called made to measure clothes.

### Covert-Beckingham Nuptials.

Last night at 8:30 o'clock at the parsonage, Rev. Hoyt united in marriage Miss Annie Beckingham, daughter of William Beckingham of 518 Squires avenue, and Bert A. Covert, 521 College avenue. It was a quiet wedding, the ceremony being performed in the presence of immediate relatives only. Mr. Covert's best man was his brother, Mr. William Covert, and the bridesmaid was the sister of the bride, Miss Jennie Beckingham. The bride was attired in a white traveling suit. After the ceremony a light wedding supper was served at the bride's home. Mr. and Mrs. Beckingham will reside at the home of the bride, 518 Squires avenue.

### Daniel Knapp to Wed.

Invitations have been received in this city to the wedding of Miss Lizzie McCrystal to Daniel F. Knapp, which will occur at the bride's home 1080 Washington Boulevard, Chicago, at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, June 26th. Both parties are well known in Dixon, having lived here. The bride is a sister of Mrs. Joseph Cook and James McCrystal of this city.

### Social at Eldena.

There will be a cake and ice cream social at the parsonage in Eldena on Saturday evening under the auspices of the Woman's Missionary society. Everybody is invited, and all are welcome.

### Stager Wedding.

The wedding of Miss Floy Stager of Sterling and Mr. John Howell Shirk of Philadelphia, Pa., will be solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Stager Thursday afternoon at four o'clock. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. Charles Gorman Richards.

## FAMILY REUNION IS UNIQUE

### COUNTRYMAN CLAN OF NORTHERN ILLINOIS TOTAL ABSTAINERS.

Rockford, Ill., June 20—Special—The annual reunion of the Countryman family of Northern Illinois was held here Wednesday, nearly 100 members being present. Among the first members of the family to come to this part of the state were four brothers, who had married four sisters in Herkimer county, New York. All of the brothers and their wives were present today. The members of the family are noted for being total abstainers, and of the men who attended today's reunion, only three use tobacco. Among those who attended were Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Countryman of Dixon.

Harry E. Oats, managing editor of the Clinton Herald, was a visitor in Dixon Wednesday.

Frank Rosbrook delivered a runabout automobile to Dr. Willcox at Amboy last evening.

DRY GOODS **LESLIE BROS.** DRY GOODS

WOMEN'S SUMMER VESTS

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

BOY'S, GIRL'S AND CHILDREN'S

Sleeveless, Short Sleeves and Long Sleeves, all made of standard grade cottons and full bleached.

Two popular numbers are being offered at **10c each**, 3 for **25c**.

And **15c each**, 2 for **25c**.

Extra Sizes in Women's Summer Vests and Pants up to size 9, always in stock.

Sleeveless or Short Sleeve Vests, size 9.. 15c

**Summer Underwear**

in all the popular styles.

Misses' Vests, Sleeveless or Short Sleeves, taped neck and arms, all sizes, each **10c**.

Children's Long Sleeve Jersey Vests and Pants to match, **15c, 17 and 19c each.**

Boy's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, sizes 24 to 34, all at **25c each.**

Children's Muslin Drawers, plain, **10c pair.**

Children's Tucked and Hemstitched **15c.**

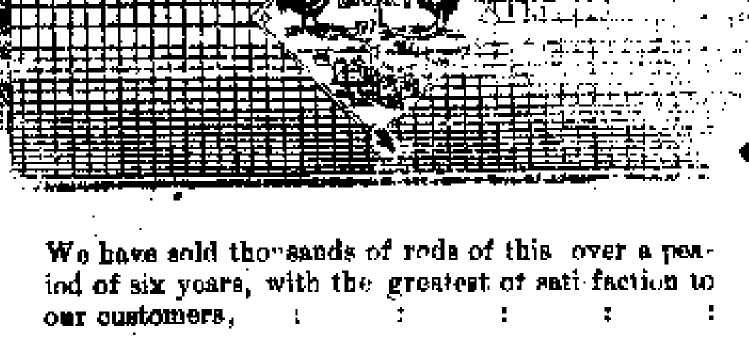
**Sale Couch Covers**
in New Reversible Stripe, Persian Designs, large sizes,
**Each $1.25**

**Sale Couch Covers**
Extra Large Size and width, full fringed, new colorings,
**Each $1.00**

# AMERICAN FENCE

Is the best, heaviest and strongest SQUARE MESH Field Fence made. Heigths 26, 32, 39 and 47 in.

## UNION-LOCK Poultry Netting.



We have sold thousands of rods of this over a period of six years, with the greatest of satisfaction to our customers.

## ELLWOOD Field Fence

Is the BEST DIAMOND MESH FENCE.

## E. N. HOWELL HARDWARE CO



# Corn Plows!

We carry a full line of

## Walking, Riding and Combined

## Corn Cultivators

—OF—

## The Rock Island Line, also The Canton Line.

We also sell the old reliable

## Rock Island Hay Loader

Call and see our line of Buggies, Surreys, Road Wagons and Driving Harness.

## McGrath & Ortgiesen

105-113 Peoria Ave. Dixon, Ill.

# Socks All Right?

Remember you never show your socks so often or show so much of them as you do in Summer—especially will this be the case this Summer, with low shoes so generally worn. Our showing of Fancy Half Hose is the best we ever made. You won't know what's new, until you have been here. Plain, serviceable Hosiery is here as well, 10c to 25c. Do you buy your Hosiery here? If not, why not?

MEN'S FANCY HOSE 15 TO 25c

## JOE PETERSBERGER

113 FIRST ST SIGN RED TRUNK. DIXON, ILL


**Jamestown Exposition.**

Low rate excursion tickets via the Chicago & Northwestern Ry. Special routings and side trips provide for visits to Niagara Falls, Lake Champlain, the St. Lawrence, The Catskills, Hudson River Trip, Adirondacks, Berkshire Hills, Chautauqua, Atlantic City, New York City, Boston, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore and various seaside and mountain resorts. For information apply to any ticket agent of the Northwestern Line.

**Lake Geneva.**

Excursion to this beautiful resort Friday, June 28th. Round trip only $1.50. Leave Dixon at 7:25 a. m., going by way of Elgin and the picturesque Fox River valley. Arrive Lake Geneva 11:10 a. m., Williams Bay 11:20 a. m. Returning, leave Williams Bay 5:40 p. m., Lake Geneva 5.50 p. m. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Ry. 146 7w1

E. E. Rucher, Attorney Tipper and Moses Metz were here from Polo yesterday on business with Attorney Wm. L. Leech.

### OAK RIDGE.

Oak Ridge, June 18—The weather is very warm at this writing and the farmers are very industrious. Crops are looking fine.

Nena Fish attended Sunday school at our church on last Sunday morning.

The Grand Detour, Oak Ridge, Fairview and Kingdom commencement exercises were well attended and all were much pleased with the entertainment.

The basket social at the Hickory Ridge school house was a success and the young people reported a very pleasant evening.

Rev. Brooke preached at the Oak Ridge church Sunday evening to a large audience.

Ada Reese and Miss Sears were Oregon visitors Wednesday.

Wilbur Brooke lost a good horse last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Merritt spent Sunday with Mrs. Prettyman at Grand Detour.

Miss Sears of Oregon closed the Hickory Ridge school Friday.

Mrs. Emma Brooke entertained Mesdames Palmer of Grand Detour Mon. of Dakota and Billings of Wisconsin, last week.

Rev. and Mrs. Dramm of Mt. Zion visited with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Huffman Sunday.

Mr. Strouse and family spent Sunday with Mr. Hills.

Walter Mumma and family, DeWitt Warner and family and James Sadler spent Sunday with George Fisher and family of Oregon.

Daniel Coy spent Sunday at Honey Creek.

### EAST PAWPAW.

East Pawpaw, June 20—Mrs. Anderson and son Stanley went to Earlville Sunday for a few days' visit with relatives.

Wilbur Atherton and wife spent last Sunday at Miland with relatives.

Miss Mabel Vinton, who has been visiting at Shabbona for the past two weeks, returned to her home Saturday.

S. M. Henderson and wife were visitors from Sycamore Sunday.

William Atherton shipped a car load of cattle to the Chicago market last week.

Edwin Rosette, who has been here visiting relatives and friends, went to Minneapolis to visit his brother Arthur and family, and from there he will go to Seattle, Wash., where he is employed as a carpenter.

Ralph Atherton and family from Waterman were in town Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Finley of Creston called on Mrs. S. C. Valentine Monday.

Miss Laura Warren of Meridan was here Tuesday calling on her friends. Miss Lottie Van Ripper returned with her for a few days' visit.

Ben Valentine was in Chicago last week on business.

Miss Mary Conahan and Duff Barlow were Amboy visitors here the first of the week.

W. W. Reynolds of Chicago was in this vicinity calling on the trade yesterday.

J. W. Brown was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jake Harnish over Sunday.

Mrs. Will Drew and sister, Mrs. Brenner, have gone to Freeport to visit with their brother, Homer Prescott.

John Freil of Aurora visited his parents at Amboy Sunday.

P. E. Hennessey, wife and daughter spent Sunday with the lady's parents in Amboy.

### THE BEND.

The Bend, June 20—Mrs. Sarah Harper passed away Sunday afternoon after a long illness.

Mrs. Harper was a woman highly esteemed, always sociable and kind. She will be sadly missed by her bereaved family and also her many neighbors and friends. The remains were laid to rest at Mt. Union cemetery Tuesday afternoon.

Al Fixture expects to buy a farm by March 1st, 1908, and begin farming.

A number from The Bend attended the exercises at Grand Detour on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Brown and daughter, Irma, dined at Rosedale Sunday evening.

John Moyer, our new supervisor, was in these parts on business Friday.

Our former neighbor, J. M. Santee, expects to go to Idaho on an extended visit.

Hugh and Frank Bennett have shelled corn.

Mrs. Hardesty entertained friends from Dixon Friday.

Misses Flo Miller, Nellie Hatler, and Grace and Myrtle Bennett were Dixon visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Brink and children and Mrs. McCardle visited the L. Lingle family Sunday.

E. Pinkerton was brought home from the Dixon hospital Saturday much improved in health.

Mrs. Will Weise and children of Oregon, and Miss Ida Youngman and niece called on Rosedale friends Sunday.

Miss Mary Bennett spent Sunday with Mrs. John Blackman in North Dixon.

Your correspondent had the pleasure of meeting the happy Ashton campers Sunday, Messrs. Rosecrans, Bode, Arnold and Charters. Come again, boys.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Shaver and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Belerton were entertained at dinner Sunday at Sylvester Belerton's.

### POET TELLS OF ICE CREAM SWELL.

Three miles from Steward, six miles south of Rochelle,
On the 27th of June, at the home of A. W. Fell,
The J. S. V. G. girls (who they are you'll know),
Assisted by a half dozen boys or so,
Will give an ice cream social and entertainment; too,
To which all are invited, and this includes you.
"The entertainment," you ask, "is it going to be nice?
How long will it be and what is the price?"
Now, really, my friend, it seems to me
The best way for you to find out is to come and see.
But concerning the entertainment, this much I will say,
It consists of three short farce comedy plays,
Interspersed here and there of course with music and song,
Making it perhaps one and a half or two hours long.
The musicians and actors are simply immense,
And have all been engaged regardless of expense.
So I think we can safely guarantee you a treat
That for the price of admission can not be beat.
Just twenty-five cents we will ask of you:
This pays for the entertainment and ice cream too.
The show will begin promptly at eight.
So please come early, or you will be late.
You have oft heard it told by tongue and pen,
How a little nonsense now and then
Is relished by our wisest men.
So, good people all heed this prescription:
Come and have a laugh: it will help your digestion.

## ROUND HOUSE MEN ON A STRIKE

A walkout of the round house employes of the Northwestern occurred at Sterling early Wednesday morning. The men had been receiving $1.65 a day and had demanded higher wages, which was refused by the company. Robert Jackson, the night foreman, immediately telegraphed to the railway headquarters in Chicago and Traveling Engineer Samuel Wheeler, with four men, came to the city on the early morning train Thursday. Mr. Jackson remained on duty Wednesday night, but asked to be relieved. Four men beside the foreman were employed on the night shift and the day man who assists Peter Killian, the day foreman, has asked to be relieved. The men state that they can not live on the $1.65 a day. There are eight engines housed in the round house which have to be taken care of during the night and fired up in the morning. The work was done Thursday morning by the men from Chicago.

J. J. Loftus, one of the Loftus Bros., representing the M. Loftus Land company of Mitchell, South Dakota, is stopping at the Hotel Bishop. Mr. Loftus is selling Davidson and adjoining counties lands and any one interested or desiring information will please call or write him at above named hotel. 49 1

**Low Rates to Pacific Coast Via the Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern Line.**

Very low rates for the round trip will be in effect to San Francisco and Los Angeles daily June 8th to 15th and June 22nd to July 5th ($2.00 additional for N. E. A. membership fee). Also to Portland, Tacoma, Seattle and North Pacific Coast points June 20th to July 12th, June 20th to July 12th to Spokane. Liberal return limits. Variable routes. Favorable stop-over arrangements. For tickets and full information apply to any ticket agent of the Northwestern Line.

# BIGGEST THING SO FAR

**Charges Made Before the Interstate Board That Raise the Largest Issue Yet.**

**STEAMSHIP COMPANY ACCUSED**

**Said To Be Backed by the German Government, Too.**

**Raises an International Question In Which a Giant Alleged Monopoly Is Involved, Hitting All Our Importers.**

Washington, June 20. — The interstate commerce commission has decided to institute a proceeding of inquiry and investigation into the affairs of the Hamburg-American Packet company, which is charged by Peter Wright & Sons, general agents at Philadelphia of the Cosmopolitan Shipping company and the Cosmopolitan lines with pooling and maintaining monopolies in restraint of trade. The inquiry is expected to be one of the most stupendous ever undertaken, and of a character different from any that ever before has engaged the attention of the commission.

**Complete Monopoly Is Asserted.**

The inquiry will have to deal with an alleged combination between railroads in the United States and the German shipping concern, and therefore interests every United States producer, manufacturer or shipper aspiring to introduce his goods to foreign consumers. According to the complaint on which action was taken by the commission the Hamburg-American Packet company has built up a complete monopoly of the export and import trade of Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Minneapolis, Duluth, Cleveland and other manufacturing centers of the United States intended for interior ports or places on the continent of Europe. The complaint reviews what it alleges to be unfair methods in stifling competition.

**Runs the Whole Business.**

The Cosmopolitan Shipping company, of Philadelphia, which figures as the complainant, operates lines to Rotterdam, Leith and Copenhagen. The charges allege that an ironclad trust in trans-Atlantic freight-carrying exists between the Hamburg-American Packet company, the North German Lloyd, Scandinavian-American line and the Wilson (Hull) line, and that this pool apportions the volume of traffic each of its members shall carry, and from what port or ports each line shall make its sailings, thus involving the apportionment of traffic originating in western cities—both as to character and amount—between the cities of the North Atlantic seaboard.

**INTERNATIONAL QUESTION**

**Accused Corporation Backed by Germany—Brief Reply to the Charges.**

In charging that the Hamburg-American Packet company in its almost absolute control of east-bound and west-bound traffic between interior points of the United States and Hamburg is a monopoly in restraint of trade, the complaining company raises an international question. The allegation is made that the foreign corporation is backed by the German government, dictates traffic routes and rates to shippers all over the United States who forward goods to Baltic ports, diverts freight to and from United States ports at its own will, without regard to the natural flow of trade, and uses coercive and unlawful methods to crush competition.

The complainant says: "Not a pound of freight can move from any interior city of the United States via the six great Atlantic ports to Hamburg without the permission of the Hamburg-American Packet company. Thus a company, foreign in its control, dictates the rates, the line, the method, the routes and every other condition of trade and traffic to which the American producer, manufacturer or shipper must humbly submit."

New York, June 20. — The reply of the Hamburg-American Steam Packet company to the charges preferred before the interstate commerce commission by Peter Wright & Sons, Philadelphia agents of the Cosmopolitan Steamship company, will it is understood, be in the nature of a general denial. Emil L. Boas, general manager in this country of the Hamburg-American line, before he had learned just what the charges were, made public the following statement.

"I have so far seen nothing authoritative regarding this matter, but have only heard read to me a newspaper despatch said to contain an abstract of certain charges made by Peter Wright & Sons of Philadelphia against our line before the interstate commerce commission. Most of these charges are so wild and reckless that it seems almost impossible they should form the basis of a statement submitted to a judicial body like the interstate commerce commission. It seems needless to go into these charges; they are so absurd. The commission will dispose of them."

**Rash Deed of an Indian.**

Buffalo, N. Y., June 20. — Frank Tallchief, a carpenter on the Cattaraugus reservation, shot and killed his wife, Emily, while she was riding with John Twoguns, and then committed suicide. The woman had accompanied Twoguns and Mrs. Jacob Jamieson to Gowanda to consult a doctor and leaving her there were returning to their homes.

# SHALL DIXON HAVE "BOOSTER FUND?"

**THE QUESTION PROPOUNDED BY PROMINENT BUSINESS MAN THIS MORNING.**

## PLEASED AT ROCK ISLAND'S WORK

**Thinks Fund of This Kind Could Be Secured Here Which Would Bring Results.**

Shall Dixon have a "Booster Fund?" That is the question that a prominent business man propounded this morning, and he referred it to the Merchants' association for an answer. He asked the question after he had shown an account of a big celebration which was held in Rock Island Monday evening, when a club, which had raised $100,000 for boosting purposes, celebrated the completion of the fund. He called attention to the plan of subscription.

According to the terms of subscription, not more than twenty per cent per annum can be collected in each year and assessments may be made up to this amount as the money is needed. In towns where this plan has been tried, much has been accomplished, particularly at Terre Haute, Ind., where the population of the city has been doubled in less than ten years, and this was done at a cost of less than $100,000. It can easily be seen how the judicious expenditure of a sum of this size would bring the city into prominence and attract general attention from all over the country. The collection of but a fifth of the amount subscribed each year spreads it over a period long enough so that it will not be a heavy burden for subscribers.

He stated, after he had explained the Rock Island system, that he believed a fund of this kind could be secured here, and that it would bring results. He claims that every lot and business in the city would be enhanced in value if such a movement was started. He finished with the following excellent food for reflection:

"Talk is cheap and city building costs money just the same as anything else that is good. If we get our share of the growth in the middle west we will have to go down in our pockets just the same as these towns do who are raking in the people and are becoming good, healthy cities, while we drag along as a third or a fourth rate town."

## WAR VETERANS ELECT OFFICERS

**MEMBERS OF CAMP WILL GIVE MOONLIGHT PICNIC IN NEAR FUTURE.**

The U. S. W. V. held an election of officers last evening at their hall in the city building and the following gentlemen were elected:

Matthew Doctor, commander.

Henry Trowbridge, senior vice commander.

Charles Frisby, junior vice commander.

Seth Yale, officer of the guard.

Philip McGrath, chaplain.

Dr. Robbins, surgeon.

Sheriff A. T. Tourtillott, trustee for three years.

Sherman Frisby, trustee for two years, and Will Maloney, trustee for one year.

Philip McGrath and Matthew Doctor were voted a committee to arrange for a moonlight picnic in the near future.

The officers elected last night will be installed at the meeting next Wednesday night.

### LOCAL MARKETS.

**Prices the Merchants of Dixon Are Paying For Products at Twelve O'Clock.**

Dixon, Ill., June 20, 1907.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eggs | .15c |
| Butter | .18c |
| Potatoes | 50c |
| Chickens | .23 |
| Lard, country | .11 |
| **Quoted by Geo. D. Laing.** | |
| Corn | .48 1-2 |
| White oats | 40 |
| Mixed oats | 38 1-2 |
| **Patterson & Gittemann.** | |
| Hogs | 5.00@5.50 |
| Fat steers | 5.00@5.50 |
| Cows | 3.00@3.50 |
| Calves | 5.00@6.00 |


# CLOVER, TIMOTHY,

Lawn Grass, Millet, Buckwheat, Sugar Cane, Kaffir Corn and a large line of bulk GARDEN SEEDS.

## POULTRY SUPPLIES

Shell, Grit, Bone, Meat, Meal, Blood Meal, Beef Scraps, Baby Chick and other Poultry Food.

## Geo. D. Laing

BOTH PHONE 43 93 GALENA AVE


### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

*Estate of John Calvin Flint, deceased.*

The undersigned, having been appointed Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of John Calvin Flint, late of the County of Lee and State of Illinois, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the County Court of Lee County, at the Court House in Dixon, at the August Term, on the first Monday in August, next, at which time all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 18th day of May, A. D. 1907.

4 37 Columbia A. Flint, Executrix.

### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

*Estate of Peter G. Eme, deceased.*

The undersigned, having been appointed Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Peter G. Eme, late of the County of Lee, and State of Illinois, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the County Court of Lee County, at the Court House in Dixon, at the August Term, on the First Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 3rd day of June, A. D. 1907.

Cecilia Eme, Executrix.

C. E. Gardner, Attorney. 44 4

### ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

*Estate of John F. Schlemming, deceased.*

The undersigned, having been appointed Administratrix of the Estate of John F. Schlemming, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the County Court of Lee County, at the Court House in Dixon, at the August Term, on the First Monday in August, next, at which time all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 4th day of June, A. D. 1907.

Christina Schlemming, Administratrix.

William L. Leech, Attorney. 44 3

### HIGHWAY NOTICE.

**Public Letting of Contract.**

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the undersigned Commissioners of Highways of the Town of Palmyra, County of Lee, and State of Illinois, on Tuesday, the Ninth day of July, A. D. 1907, for constructing hard roads in said town to be located as follows:

ROAD No. 1.

Beginning at a point on the section line between Sections 13 and 14, near the buildings of Moses Swartz, in the main traveled road from Woosung to Dixon, and running thence Northwesterly in said main traveled road to a point on the county line between Lee and Ogle Counties, where the said main traveled road joins the rock or macadam road running into Ogle County.

ROAD No. 2.

Starting at the Northerly end of the rock or macadam road running Northerly on the half section line in Section Twenty-Two, in the said Town of Palmyra, about opposite the buildings of J. F. Stager, and running thence Northerly on said road until the money is exhausted.

And that the same shall be let by contract publicly to the lowest responsible bidder for the whole amount or by sections at the hour of Two o'clock P. M., Tuesday, July the Ninth, at the Palmyra Town Hall.

We reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Plans and specifications of the work to be done on said roads can be seen at the office of the Town Clerk of said Town.

Dated, Town of Palmyra, Lee County, State of Illinois, this Eleventh day of June, A. D. 1907.

John Mensch, E. C. Williams, Geo. L. Klostermann, Board of Commissioners of Highways.

(Seal) H. M. Gilbert, Town Clerk.

**Farm For Sale at Public Auction.**

The following property of the M. F. Fults estate will be sold to the highest bidder at 2 p. m., July 1, 1907, on the premises instead of at Sterling:

151 acres 6 miles northwest from Sterling, just 2 1-2 miles west from Pennington's Corner, 9 miles southeast from Milledgeville. The place is now occupied by W. Fritz. Gravel roads from Sterling.

The land is in good condition and the fences and buildings are good. The place is fitted to milk 30 cows for the condensing factory at Sterling.

If you are interested look it over now, as the time is short. The terms are easy.


# MICA Axle Grease

takes miles off the road, and weight from the load. Helps the team and pays the teamster. Practically destroys friction. Saves half the wear that comes from jolting over rough roads, and lengthens the life of a heavy vehicle more than any other one thing. Ask the dealer for Mica Axle Grease.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY Incorporated

# SOME NEWS OF THE COUNTRY

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM THE CORRESPONDENTS TO THE TELEGRAPH.

The Things Which Are Making History in the Townships and Villages of This Vicinity.

Franklin Grove.

Franklin Grove, June 18—Mrs. Will Phillips and daughter Ruth visited for several days last week with their friends and relatives in Eldena.

Mrs. Florence Pinger and two little girls of Chicago came out Tuesday for a visit of several weeks with the former's aunt, Mrs. Eta Wood.

Miss Mary Johnson and Frank Senger who have been attending school in Mt. Morris, have returned to their homes.

Ralph Dexter of Kansas, visited several days last week at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Elmer Price.

Miss Bess McGregor visited over Sunday at the F. E. Self home in Dixon.

Mrs. Emery Riddlesbarger of Dysart, Iowa, is visiting with relatives in our village.

Clarence McGregor came out on Saturday for a visit of two weeks with Franklin friends.

Miss Clara Trottnow has closed her school at West Brooklyn and will spend her vacation at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Trottnow.

Mrs. King and daughter, Miss Ida, have gone for a visit of several weeks in Chicago.

R. W. Jeter attended the meeting of the State Grain Dealers' association at the Auditorium Annex on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week.

C. M. Secrist and daughter Frankie of Chicago spent Saturday and Sunday with friends and relatives in Franklin.

Mrs. Peter Vorus of Oak Park visited last Friday at the H. W. Dysart home.

Mrs. Brink and Mrs. Curl of Dixon were guests of Mrs. Nora Hausen several days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln Weigle of Dysart, Ia., are visiting with relatives here.

Supervisor Gross attended the regular meeting of supervisors in Dixon last week.

Miss Gertie Castle of Dixon visited over Sunday with her friend, Miss Bertha Wingert.

Mrs. Mabel Clark of Oak Park is visiting at the James Nettleton home.

Lee Dierdorff visited for several days last week with his aunt in Dixon.

Miss Lulu Miller has returned from Malta and will spend the summer at her home here.

Mrs. Harry Eicholtz of Boone, Ia., is visiting at the home of her father-in-law, John Eicholtz.

Mrs. Charles Yale of Los Angeles is visiting at the home of her sisters, Mesdames C. D. Hussey and Rebecca Roe.

Miss Lorena Sleer of Lanark is visiting at the home of John Wesley Wingert.

Garret Kroger came up from Nachusa last week and is now employed at the Herlist livery barn.

Jesse Suter returned Friday from his school duties at Madison Wis., and will spend his summer vacation at his home here.

Mrs John Maronde and Miss Alice Tompkins visited several days last week with Rochelle friends.

C. D. Hussey was a business visitor in Sterling Friday.

Bertha and Helen Naylor spent last week in Dixon with their aunt Miss Belle Naylor.

Frank Trostle left on Tuesday for DesMoines, Ia., where he will again work on the road for a gasoline company.

The meat market is now nicely located in the Peterman building on the east side of Main street and with the new refrigerator makes a fine appearance. Work on the new building has been commenced and Mr. Lott expects to have it completed in about two months.

Norman Hausen is building a new house on his farm south of town, which will be quite an improvement to the place.

The work of excavating for C. W. Trostle's new home on Elm street was commenced last week. Mr. Trostle will erect a fine, modern residence which he expects to be ready for occupancy about next Thanksgiving time.

The graduating class of this year had their class picnic on Thursday at Ganymede Springs and all thoroughly enjoyed the day.

On Wednesday evening of last week at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Eicholtz, occurred the marriage of their youngest daughter, Miss Maud, to LeRoy Crawford of Nachusa. Both young people are very popular and have a host of friends who extend best wishes. Mr. and Mrs. Crawford left for a wedding trip to different points in Iowa, after which they will reside in Dixon.

Little Clifford Tompkins was unfortunate in breaking his arm one day last week while at play. He now carries it in a sling and will probably be all right in a short time.

Grand Detour.

Grand Detour, June 18. Mrs. Linn Kelchner visited in Oregon Monday and Tuesday.

Mesdames Albert Tholen and Geo. Remmers drove to Mt. Zion Monday to attend the funeral of the late Aaron Coddington.

Dr. Pankhurst drove to Oregon on Monday and Tuesday to attend a meeting of the board of supervisors.

Mesdames R. Remmers attended the meeting of the W. R. C. in Dixon Monday.

Mrs. Henry Parks of Woosung came to Grand Detour Tuesday to take Miss Carrington home.

The Larkins club No. 1 met with Mrs. John Warner Tuesday afternoon. Delicious refreshments were served at 1:30. The next meeting will be held with Mrs. George Remmers.

Rev. Idleman and family drove to Oregon to visit with relatives Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Warren Burdick of Rock Falls spent a few days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Mumma.

R. O. Remmers and wife were Dixon visitors Thursday.

Supervisor John Moyer was a pleasant caller Friday.

The graduating exercises Friday were largely attended. A fine program was given in which the children all did exceedingly well. After the exercises ice cream and cake was served at the Aid hall.

John Mumma, wife and daughter, Mrs. Burdick, spent Friday afternoon at the Dr. Pankhurst home.

Rev. Idleman and family returned to their home at Des Moines, Iowa, Friday.

Mrs. Shook and family and Mrs. Penn and family of Woosung spent Friday here fishing.

C. W. Johnson and wife were Dixon visitors here Saturday.

Mrs. Will Windbrenner and children and Hazel French went to Morrison Saturday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hotzler.

Dr. A. M. Hewitt came out from Chicago Saturday to spend a few days at his cottage.

Will Fletcher, wife and child of Ashton spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. S. Prettyman.

Harvey Lauver and John Williams of Woosung spent Sunday here with relatives.

John Warner came home to spend Sunday with his family.

Gertrude Prettyman is visiting relatives near Ashton.

STREET RESIDENCE IS COMPLETED

J. O. Palmer and Frank Courtright, carpenter, contractors and builders, have finished erecting the [illegible] Street residence, corner of Messrs. Palmer and Courtright are Messrs. Palmer and oCurtright are now building an addition, [illegible] by eighteen feet, to the residence of Peter Hamill, corner Seventh street and Madison avenue. Fred Whipermann and men finished the foundation last week.

COMPANY G BOYS PRACTICE SHOOTING

Company G has established a rifle range on the Lewis farm near this city and every Saturday afternoon the members of the company will go there for practice until the time for going into camp.

New Depot at Fulton.

The Northwestern railroad company has finally decided to build a new passenger depot at Fulton. This is something that has long been needed, as the old structure is small, antiquated and far from giving the proper accommodations to the traveling public.

Son Born.

A seven pound boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hobb this morning.

Lee Hart and wife were Dixon visitors today.

John Huett was down from the Kingdom today.

Grant Sweeney and family have moved from Mt. Morris to the Carpenter house on North Galena avenue, above the Illinois Central railroad.

MARK TWAIN IN HIS WHITE SUIT.

Mark Twain was already famous throughout the world when he began to wear his white dress suit. Now he is still more so. He holds the theory that it is nobody's business how a man dresses except the business of the man himself, and he declares that he prefers white. The noted author wears white flannels winter and summer whenever he feels like it. No sort of weather deters him from donning the white clothes. With his silky white hair and mustache, this immaculate raiment completes a very striking picture.

## A CONCRETE SCHOOL BUILDING

DIRECTORS OF BREWER SCHOOL IN LYNDON LET CONTRACT TO STERLING MEN.

The directors of the Brewer school district in Lyndon township, says the Sterling Gazette, were in this city on Saturday afternoon. They came here for the purpose of investigating cement blocks, as the directors intend to erect a new school building. After viewing and examining a number of cement block buildings in this city the directors decided to build the school of cement blocks. No contract for blocks has been let.

## FLOWER GROWERS WILL PICNIC

MEMBERS ROCK RIVER HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY WILL HAVE OUTING ON 27TH.

The annual picnic of the Rock River Horticultural society will be held at the Albain Seavey home in Palmyra Thursday, June 27. It is expected that this annual meeting will be one of the most profitable ever held by the society. Several speakers of prominence in state agricultural and horticultural work will be present and the committee is making arrangements for other features.

THE WEEKLY WEATHER BULLETIN

For the Week Ending June 17, 1907. General Summary.

The week ending Monday, June 17, was, by far, the most favorable of the season. The mean temperature was nearly normal, there was a long duration of bright sunshine, and while the rainfall was deficient in some localities sufficient moisture was conserved from previous rains to meet all requirements. Excepting portions of the southern district, where showers, the first part of the week, delayed field work, the farming operations were actively prosecuted, and much progress was made.

The daily mean temperature was about one degree above the seasonal average. The highest temperature recorded was 92 degrees on the 16th. The minima were all above 45 degrees. Showers occurred over a considerable area of the southern half of the state the first four days of the week; the week closed with high temperatures and uninterrupted sunshine. The average of bright sunshine for the week was about 70 per cent.

Harry Emerson is down from Oregon today.

## A WORM DAMAGES STRAWBERRY

GROWERS NEAR THE CITY REPORT PLANTS BEING DESTROYED.

Reports from several farmers near Dixon indicate that the strawberry crop is in danger from the ravages of a green worm. In appearance a little like the cabbage worm, which is destroying plants.

The worms have invaded several berry patches and made clean cut swaths through the fields, leaving nothing but the skeletons of plants wherever they have been found.

A smaller crop than usual was looked for this year, but the ravages of this new pest will cut down the home grown supply still further. The first home grown berries are expected in the market this week.

## A RAILROAD MAN IS PROMOTED

ROADMASTER WILKINSON OF PEORIA LINE HAS CHARGE OF MINNESOTA ROAD.

William Wilkinson, who has been roadmaster on the Peoria line of the Northwestern railroad with headquarters at Sterling for the past twenty five years, has been promoted and will have charge of the Northwestern line at North Mankato, Minn. Mr. Wilkinson is one of the oldest employes of the railway in years of service, and has been connected with the Northwestern for over thirty years.

## THE COUNTY RELIEVED OF INSANE

LEGISLATURE ABOLISHES THE ASYLUMS AT THE COUNTY ALMS HOUSES.

The Illinois legislature throughout the entire session did no better act than passing the bill abolishing the county alms houses as asylums for the demented and providing for gradually removing to the state hospitals all of the incurably insane from those county institutions. The state asylums are better equipped for the proper care of these unfortunates at a less expense than can possibly be done by the respective counties. Not only this but the separation will make the conditions more pleasant for those who are of necessity forced to take a residence at the county alms houses. The proposed arrangement is the logical and practical one, and it should have been adopted years ago.

Land Comes High.

A farm near Polo was sold a few days ago for $135 an acre. The same farm was bought a year ago for $120 an acre.

## KIDNAPING A CONSTABLE.

Tables Turned on Pennsylvania Official by Autoists.

Citizens of Matamoras, Pike county, Pa., are greatly incensed over the dastardly attempt that was made on a recent Sunday afternoon to abduct Tommy Manwaring, their chief of police, says a Port Jervis, N. Y., special dispatch to the New York World. Matamoras was incorporated a short time ago, and Tommy was selected as its police force. When the selectmen pinned a tin plate on his chest and presented him with a sapling the chief was directed to keep his eye peeled for violations of the speed limit ordinance.

"Nothing but petrol will get by me!" was Tommy's reply. Then he sat down by the roadside and waited. His first chance came the other Sunday, when he waved his magic wand and brought to a sudden stop a machine in which was seated Under Sheriff Hock and a party of ladies and gentlemen from Orange county.

"Got ye that time," cried Tommy, triumphantly. "Might as well come to the lockup."

"Are you a real live detective?" asked one of the ladies, apparently in great alarm.

"Betcherlife!" said the chief. "Here's the dockementary proof!" and he pulled back the flap of his coffee sack and showed his junk.

"Might as well admit you've got us," said one of the auto party. "We didn't think we were going so fast. Will you kindly permit us to take the ladies as far as the bridge? They want to take the 4:20 train on the Erie. You can go with us and bring us back."

Chief Manwaring's gallantry asserted itself, and he climbed into the "Phew" wagon. To his amazement the machine did not stop when it reached the bridge and before Tommy was aware of it he was in New York state. Then the occupants of the auto requested him to jump out and run along home.

"Pretty slick trick, by gum!" said the chief when he told his Matamoras constituents a few hours later, "but I'll get 'em yet, gol durn 'em!"

## WORLD TOUR IN WAGON.

Sign Painter Will First Travel in the United States.

August Koehler of Cincinnati, a sign painter, recently started, with his family, for a trip around the world in a wagon, says the Columbus Dispatch. He expects to be gone at least seven years and will first make a tour of the United States. Koehler says he is making the trip to improve his family's health. Koehler is a big, strong, intelligent man and states that before his marriage he worked his way from one end of the land to the other. He has three children. The oldest is a girl of seven. He expects to support himself on the journey by doing work as a sign painter. After completing his American tour he intends to "do" Europe and other parts of the world.

Koehler is a skillful mechanic and built his own wagon. It is drawn by a large horse. Koehler has spent a long time preparing for the trip, and about two months ago he secured a fine dog, Dash, and has been training him to act as the family's protector. Said Koehler: "I am a believer in fresh air. My wife and one of the children are not strong, and I believe this trip will give them vigorous health as well as a rich education. I believe that our American trip will harden us physically to such an extent that we will be glad to tour Europe in the same way. We have included a tent in our equipment."

## RAIN OF BALLAST STONES.

Strange Happening as Train Rushes by a Station.

Trackmen scattering in fear from the path of a Pennsylvania express train at Wayne, Pa., the other day were the innocent cause of a rain of ballast stones on the station and its platform filled with people, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger. They left a pick with its handle projecting above the track and the express rushed upon it and tossed it to so turn and twist among the stones as to send them flying in all directions.

For one brief instant persons on the platform thought that the train had left the track as they stood in the full glare of the headlight and the roar of the wheels, the heavy stones falling about them. Then the express passed. The headlight no longer blinded the people, the roar no longer deafened them, and they saw what had sent the stones.

Windows had been broken, and stones lay everywhere. Many had passed close to those on the platform, and some of these persons had been struck and slightly bruised, but no one was badly hurt.

Biggest Cranberry Bog.

The largest cranberry bog in the world is being established just outside of Siasconset, Mass. When completed it will cover 500 acres, of which 300 will be under cultivation by July 1, writes a Siasconset correspondent of the Boston Herald. The work of laying out and cultivating the bog was begun more than two years ago, and since then a force of more than 100 men has been at work. The bog is located on what is for the most part a natural swamp bordering on a pond from which water is distributed over the swamp by a pumping station.

Three Pound Head of Lettuce.

In a Washington market the other day there was a head of lettuce nineteen inches in diameter and weighing more than three pounds, and thirteen others almost as large, says a special to the New York World. The shipper was able to pack only fourteen in a barrel. Usually there are forty.


S.S.S. A CERTAIN SAFE TREATMENT

Even if mercury and potash could cure Contagious Blood Poison the condition in which these strong minerals leave the system would make the "cure worse than the disease." But they cannot cure the vile disorder; they can only cover up the symptoms for awhile or mask the disease in the system, but as soon as the treatment is left off the hideous symptoms return. Mercury and potash eat out the delicate lining of the stomach and bowels, produce chronic dyspepsia by drying up the gastric juices, cause the teeth to decay, and often completely break down the constitution, and where they are used in large quantities, the bones become affected, while the disease for which one has so long taken this destructive treatment has not been cured. Contagious Blood Poison is a disease it will not do to trifle with. It is a vile, dangerous and destructive disorder. When the blood becomes infected with its virus the mouth and throat ulcerate, hair and eyebrows come out, glands in the neck and groin swell, copper-colored spots appear on the flesh, and in severe cases sores break out on the body, the finger nails drop off and the sufferer is diseased from head to foot. S. S. S. is the only known antidote for Contagious Blood Poison—the one remedy that is able to get to the root of the disease and force out every particle of the poison so that there are never any signs of its return. It is purely vegetable, made entirely from roots, herbs and barks of known curative value. Instead of leaving bad after-effects as some medicines do, S. S. S. tones up every part of the system and puts every part of the body in perfect health. It will also remove any lingering effects of former mineral treatment while eradicating the poison from the circulation. Special book on the home treatment of this disease and any medical advice desired furnished free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA GA.


From Tuesday's Telegraph

Covert-Beckingham Nuptials.

Tonight at 8:30 o'clock at the parsonage of the Grace Evangelical Church Rev. Heyl will unite in marriage Miss Annie Beckingham, daughter of William Beckingham, of 515 Squires avenue, and Bert A. Covert, 521 College avenue. Mr. Covert's best man will be his brother, William Covert, and Miss Jennie Beckingham, sister of the bride, will be the bridesmaid.

A Pretty Wedding.

Today at noon at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Anderson, 893 North Hennepin avenue, Miss Jennie L. Anderson and Edward Daehler were united in marriage, Rev. H. H. Peters of the Christian church performing the ceremony in the presence of about fifty guests. The ring service was used. The couple were unattended, the bride being beautifully gowned in white. Mrs. Will Smith played the wedding march in her own inimitable manner. The parlors were handsomely decorated in white, pink and green. After the ceremony the guests were seated at a most bountiful and delicious wedding dinner which was served on the lawn. Mr. and Mrs. Daehler left on the afternoon train for Chicago and after a short wedding trip will be at home to their friends at the home of the groom's parents, 303 West Morgan street. Mr. Daehler is a prosperous young business man of this city and Mrs. Daehler is a young woman who is a worker in the Christian church and has many friends. The friends of both congratulate them and extend best wishes.

PROPER TIPS ON SUMMER FASHIONS

Brown shoes will reign this summer.

The return of the plain shirtwaist is a boon.

Lace bows are pinned under the chin with an old fashioned brooch.

The kimono coats are very reminiscent of the old fashioned dolman wraps.

What a mere scrap of material it takes to make one of the jaunty bodices worn over lace guimpes.

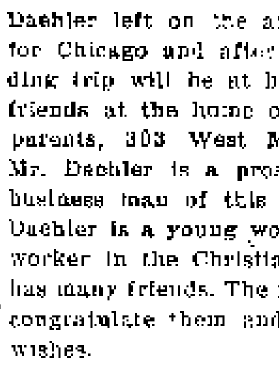
Checked panamas and serges make some of the jauntiest spring suits shown.

The cutaway coat with rounded front corners is one of the best models.

Very close fitting coats, buttoned tightly up the front with many buttons, are also good.


GROOMING COUNTS

But it cannot make a Fair Skin or a Glossy Coat.



Women with good complexions cannot be homely. Creams, lotions, washes and powders cannot make a fair skin. Every horseman knows that the skin coat of his thoroughbred comes from the animal's "all-right" condition. Let the horse get "off his feed" and his coat turns dull. Currying, brushing and rubbing will give him a clean coat, but cannot produce the coveted smoothness and gloss of the horse's skin, which is his complexion. The ladies will see the point.

Lane's Family Medicine

Is the best preparation for ladies who desire a gentle laxative medicine that will give the body perfect cleanliness internally and the wholesomeness that produces such skins as painters love to copy.


BUSINESS CARDS

I. F. Edwards

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS of Lee County, Ill. Teachers' examination at his office, in the Court House at Dixon, the first Saturday in every month, with the exceptions of January and July. Examinations begin at 8 o'clock a. m. and close at 5 o'clock p. m. The Annual Institute will be held in Amboy August 21-24.

J. F. Palmer

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Real Estate and Loan. Office, Union Block, 2nd floor, First St., Dixon, Ill.

Trusdell & Smith

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office over Dixon National Bank, Dixon, Ill.

MEDICINE.

C. C. HUNT

PHYSICIAN and Surgeon, Dixon, Ill. Office in Hunt Building. Residence Third Street. Office Telephone No. 12; Residence, No. 20.

O. H. Blackman, M. D.

HOMEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office O. H. Brown Block. Residence North Side, two blocks north of bridge. Office hours 10 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.


PATENTS

and TRADE-MARKS [illegible] PATENTS THAT PAY, [illegible]

503-505 Seventh Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

D. SWIFT & CO.

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says:—"I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk for baby."

FOR BACKACHE—WEAK KIDNEYS TRY DeWITT'S KIDNEY and BLADDER PILLS—Sure and Safe

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago

Keeley Cure

For Drunkenness, Opium, Morphine and other Drug Using, the Tobacco Habit and Neurasthenia.

Correspondence Strictly Confidential.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, Dwight, Ill.

Bert Barber of Elton, Wis., says: "I have only taken four doses of your Kidney and Bladder Pills and they have done more for me than any other medicine has ever done. I am still taking the pills, as I want a perfect cure." Mr. Barber refers to DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, which are frequently used for Backache, weak kidneys, inflammation of the bladder and all urinary troubles. A week's treatment for 25 cents. Sold by Rowland Bros.

# Long, the Nature Lover

## STRENUOUS PREACHER-STUDENT WHO IS AT WAR WITH THE PRESIDENT FOR CALLING HIM A FAKIR.

### Lifelong Frequenter of the Forests and Wilderness Is a Six Foot Athlete Full of Fight—To Study Habits of Jungle Folk Has Been His Passion From Early Childhood—Wants the Public to Decide "Who's Who" In the Big Woods.

By ROBERTUS LOVE.

HOW does the wolf kill the caribou? Does the big wild dog bite the big wild bull to the heart at one bite or does he plant a bomb at the caribou's front gate, hide in the thicket and pull the string with his teeth? Well, who cares? Not one American in a thousand ever saw a wolf, and not one in ten thousand knows what a caribou is.

But for two citizens—each a desirable citizen in his way—this is a momentous question. It has brought on a declaration of war between a president and a preacher. The war is raging among mankind and probably ere now has spread to the jungle folk. There is, in fact, no doubt whatever that Mowgli and Kaa and Baloo not forgetting White Fang and Wayeeses, are reading the Jungle Journal every morning with eagerness to learn whether President Roosevelt or Preacher Long is getting the strangle hold.

The declaration of war was made by the Rev. William J. Long of Stamford, Conn., author of several books concerning wild beasts and birds. For some time it has been evident that Mr. Roosevelt would [illegible] war on what he terms the "nature fakirs" if he could, but as he couldn't he did the next best thing. He threw down the gantlet by submitting to an interview for a magazine. Parson Long picked up the glove and hurled it back at the president with extraordinary vehemence. So the war is on.

Already the slaughter of words has been terrific. At Mr. Long's first assault more words fell than men at Gettysburg. The casualties were about 10,000, covering a whole newspaper page. But Commander Long still has an abundance of linguistic reserves, and the campaign continues. It is said that he speaks six languages and reads as many more. It is not likely that President Roosevelt when he charged Mr. Long with being a nature fakir was aware of this.

### Beginning of An Exciting War.

Events leading up to this exciting war should be cited briefly. To go away back, it may be stated that from time immemorial the human race has regarded itself as superior to the so called lower animals, including orioles, wolves and even monkeys. The theory has been that men are guided by reason, while beasts and birds are controlled by mere instinct. A few years ago several writers appeared whose books tended to upset this time honored theory. They put forth animals that talked English without the jungle accent, organized governments, established schools and in other ways stealthily usurped human prerogatives. This was all right so long as the stories were admittedly fables, like Rudyard Kipling's "Jungle Book," says Mr. Roosevelt, but as official spokesman for the human race the president found it a part of his duty to protest vigorously when certain writers stated in the prefaces to their books that the statements as to animal intelligence contained therein were gospel truth.

John Burroughs, the gentle old nature lover of West Park, N. Y., threw the first bomb into the nature faking camp. It should be remembered that a few years ago Mr. Burroughs accompanied the president on a long tour of the Yellowstone park. Perhaps the plan of campaign was hatched somewhere around the spouting hot geysers of that region. At any rate, it was not long afterward that Mr. Burroughs took a magazine shot at two or three of the men who write animal tales, Mr. Long being his chief target. Mr. Long came back at him with some catapultic blows in the shape of affidavits to prove the truth of his tales, and for a time the tongues came to a truce.

### "Mathematical Impossibility."

Now the president has renewed the fight from headquarters. Some of Mr. Long's books, it appears, have been adopted as supplementary readers in public schools. The president also has written nature books, of a kind, but these have not been adopted as school readers, probably because the young idea learns how to shoot too early anyhow if it can get hold of a gun. Mr. Roosevelt is highly indignant that American school children should be taught [illegible] as depicted in Mr. Long's story of "Wayeeses, the White Wolf." This, he declares, is a mathematical impossibility. The president argues therefore, that men who write such tales with the truth label in the preface "do not know the heart of the wild things."

That gives Mr. Long an opening. He comes back at the president with a stiff counter swipe to the effect that Mr. Roosevelt knows the heart of the wild things by putting bullets into each heart that comes within his rifle range. Whereupon the preacher quotes from the president's books to prove that this is the presidential method of acquiring wild heart lore, and no affidavits are needed.

Mr. Roosevelt in firing his magazine rifle at Mr. Long intimated, though in a more dignified manner, that he was from Missouri and would have to be shown. Mr. Long must produce affidavits of eyewitnesses before the president could believe such stories.

Straightway Mr. Long produced the affidavit of an educated Indian, poor but honest, who, being duly sworn, deposed and said that he had seen wolves kill horses by biting them through the chest. A horse of course is not a caribou; but, then, it's just as good. The preacher dared the president to come on and fight.

The Public—Up and at him, Teddy!

The President—I never shoot twice at small game.

The Preacher (who had been sparring for this very opening)—Aha! But don't you! Look on this picture!

Mr. Long then quoted from one of the president's hunting books, where Mr. Roosevelt recorded how he had followed a wounded deer and brought it down with a second shot. But, then, of course a deer is hardly small game.

But Mr. Long has declared that the president shall not take refuge behind the dignity of his office. "A man named Roosevelt," he says, "has attacked my personal honor, and if he won't apologize I'll smoke him out."

So rages the battle, now being a siege with the Long cohorts assaulting the Roosevelt works, both figuratively and literally, and the Roosevelt garrison giving back no return fire. Let no tank consider presume to say why.

The Rev. Mr. Long, who is entitled to be called Dr. Long because he is a doctor of philosophy from Heidelberg, is forty years old and full of fight. He is a native of Massachusetts, a graduate of Harvard, a Congregational clergyman and a lifelong frequenter of the woods and the wilderness. For a few years he was pastor of a church at Stamford, but he is not preaching at present. He gave up his pulpit three years ago because of failing eyesight. Much outdoor exercise since then has restored his optical vigor and his general health, so that he is now a six foot athlete, weighing about 175 pounds and capable of writing, fighting or doing any other strenuous work to the limit.

Dr. Long did not begin preaching in early [illegible] of his time in studying books until he was past thirty—that is, the time he could spare from the woods.

"Every year for the last thirty years," he says, "I have spent from three to six weeks camping in the wilderness, studying the truth of animal life, not as a hunter, but as a lover of nature."

### Frequenter of the Woods.

Twelve seasons he has spent in the woods of northern Maine, one in the unknown interior of Newfoundland, three in the Miramichi valley of New Brunswick, two in the forests of Quebec, one in western Nova Scotia, three in the Black forests of Germany and the others scattering. His purpose in thus frequenting the woods, he says, is to observe the habits of wild animals and birds, this having been his passion from early childhood. "I used to go into the woods," says Mr. Long, "when I was four years old. I was very much afraid of the woods, for there was always something there which fascinated me. When I was missing it was in the woods that I would be found."

[illegible] Sometimes he is accompanied by a guide and sometimes of late years by his wife and little daughter. When it is necessary to shoot animals for food he does so, but not otherwise. One of the points he makes in his controversy with the president is that a true naturalist never kills for the fun or sport of killing. He calls Mr. Roosevelt a hunter and not a naturalist.

The president asserts that Mr. Long, judging from his animal stories, has not seen the wild things at all or has seen them only superficially. Mr. Long makes the claim that a man can see more deeply when he walks unarmed into the woods and watches the wild things quietly than when he goes mounted and armed, with a pack of dogs, to seek and slay. He therefore sets up his thirty seasons in the big woods and vast wildernesses of Maine and the northern provinces and in the famous Black forests against the president's [illegible] expeditions in the [illegible] hunting [illegible] in the Mississippi canebrakes. Having offered these opposing exhibits, Mr. Long asks the public to decide "who's who" in the big woods.

The president finds fault with the preacher because in one of the latter's books there is a statement that once a big lynx made him "uncomfortable" by following him for a long distance in the northern woods when he was unarmed. A lynx, says the president, is no more to be feared than a back yard tomcat, or words to that effect. Thereupon the party of the other part asks Mr. Roosevelt if he ever saw one of the really truly big lynxes in the Canadian forests, and in recalling the lynx that made him uncomfortable he adds:

"I realized that I had the only pair of trousers within forty miles, and the temperature was several degrees below zero."

### Couldn't Swallow the Story.

In a middle western state, where bullfrogs are supposed to abound, one of Mr. Long's books was excluded from the public schools because it contained a story of a frog that caught and swallowed a sparrow. The board couldn't swallow the story, though there was the preacher's own word for it.

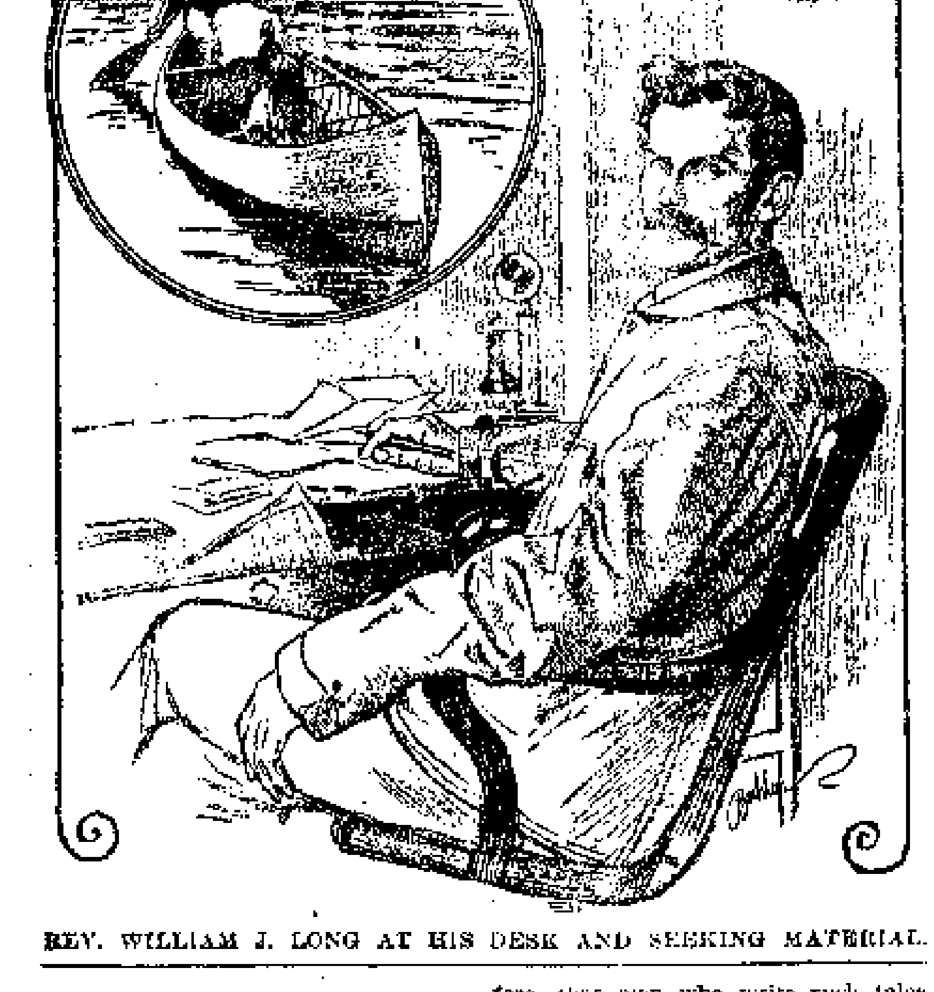
"They didn't happen to know," says Mr. Long, "that frogs sometimes grow to a length of sixteen inches. I have a photograph showing a Connecticut frog just about to take a bird in its mouth, and I have watched one catch and swallow a sparrow, as stated in my book."

One of the most unlikely stories told by the Stamford naturalist describes the skill of one Dr. Woodcock—that is, a woodcock with a broken leg, which set the fractured member by plastering it with mud and letting the mud dry.

Mr. Long says that he saw a woodcock in a claybank at the edge of a stream carefully smearing clay over one of its legs, around which it had placed some blades of grass. He was afraid the story would not be believed, but finally he told it in the course of a lecture.

"After the lecture a gentleman who was in the audience told me," says the nature writer, "that more than once he had found lumps of clay about the legs of woodcock which he had shot, with blades of grass in the clay. On removing the clay he invariably found that the leg had been broken."

The president criticises mildly the writings of Jack London, Charles G. D. Roberts and Ernest Thompson Seton as in some instances absurd and untrue to nature, but most of his artillery is trained against the strenuous student of Stamford. And the strenuous student of Stamford declares that he doesn't propose to be called a fakir by any man, no matter how high his office. So there!



REV. WILLIAM J. LONG AT HIS DESK AND SEEKING MATERIAL.

# HAYWOOD IS HIT HARD

## Charged with Participation in a Scheme to Deceive Mrs. Harry Orchard.

### BOGUS LETTER FROM ALASKA

### Object Being to Make Out That Orchard Was Out There.

### Other Letters That, Though Not Conclusive, Do Not Improve the Defendant's Position—Base for Impeachment Prepared.

Boise, Idaho, June 19.—The prosecution in the Steunenberg murder trial [illegible] of [illegible] Haywood, when [illegible] [illegible] four letters [illegible] Orchard [illegible] Orchard [illegible] of the [illegible].

Conspiracy of the Letters.

Orchard [illegible] in the [illegible] told him that Mrs. Orchard [illegible] Orchard's whereabouts [illegible] that no process [illegible] were to be falsely [illegible] to Mrs. Orchard by [illegible]. He said [illegible].

[illegible] Pettibone [illegible] participation of Pettibone [illegible] Orchard [illegible] the two letters.

Haywood's Letter to Mrs. Orchard.

Next Orchard swore [illegible] a [illegible] Nome, Alaska, and the [illegible] general arrangement he had made with the Federation [illegible] Moyer [illegible] where he was [illegible] Pettibone [illegible] posted it. This letter, bearing the date of Nome, Nov. 5, 1905, was produced, [illegible] admitted as evidence. Orchard identified a letter which Haywood wrote to Mrs. Orchard and that letter was admitted in evidence and [illegible] to the jury. It was dated Denver Nov. 28, 1905, and read: "Dear Madam and Sister: I have not heard a word since I saw you. The last information I got was from Alaska. I think Fairfield was the name of the place. [illegible]

LETTER TO "FRIEND TOM"

"That" Alleged To Be the $100 Sent Orchard by Pettibone.

Then three letters written by Orchard were read. They were commonplace and contained practically nothing bearing on the case of Orchard's testimony except references to the arrangement which Orchard says he made with the Federation officials for the care of his wife while he was absent. The defense attempted to break the force of the testimony by suggesting that the letters were involved, but made poor progress. It also objected to their introduction, but failed there also. Orchard swore positively that Haywood had agreed to write the Alaska letter, and that Pettibone and Moyer knew of the arrangement.

Beside the four San Francisco-Alaska letters the state secured the admission of a certified copy of an unsigned letter which Orchard got at Caldwell jail, and which Orchard swears is in the handwriting of Pettibone. The letter is dated Dec. 20, and reads: "Friend Tom—Your letter received. That was sent to Jack Dec. 12 for you. He should send it so that you ought to have it by this time. Will not write any more this time. Write me as soon as you get to your new field." The letter was postmarked at Denver the day that Steunenberg was killed, and it is alleged by the state that the "Jack" mentioned was Simpkins and that the "That" referred to was $100 which Orchard swore he asked Simpkins to secure for him when he was leaving Caldwell.

The state developed its contention that as tending to show a conspiracy and knowledge of the Steunenberg crime Orchard was, without any request from him, supplied with counsel within a few days after his arrest. It first showed that Orchard after his arrest sent no communication from Caldwell jail, and then produced and secured the admission of the original of a telegram, dated Spokane, Wash., Jan. 3, 1906, and addressed to T. Hogan, care sheriff, Caldwell, Ida., and reading: "Attorney Fred Miller will start for Caldwell in morning. —— M., 59 Hyde Block." The defense's reply to this was to show that the W. F. M. always provided counsel for its members when they got into trouble.

REVENGE THEORY COMBATTED

State Also Attempts to Prove Adams' Confession Voluntary.

To combat the theory that Orchard killed Steunenberg in revenge for his loss of a valuable interest in the Hercules mine, the state on re-direct examination obtained from Orchard a [illegible] in the Hercules in 1897, two years before the strike and troops came.

There was a long contest over an unsuccessful effort by the state to show that the confession of Steve Adams had been voluntary. It proved that Adams had been [illegible] the matter freely with Attorneys Hawley and Borah, but that was about as far as it got, the court sustaining a series of objections from the defense.

At the opening of the morning session the defense asked Orchard a series of impeaching questions. They all dealt with conversations in which it was alleged Orchard recited his private grudge against Frank Steunenberg, and vowed that he would kill him if he hanged for it. Orchard denied every query, both specifically and generally.

[illegible] Hercules [illegible] and was still on the stand when the court rose for the day. He was called to identify the Miners Magazine as the official organ of the Federation and to [illegible] the way for the use as evidence of [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible]. The defense [illegible] and the state [illegible] admission [illegible].

SEVEN MEN KILLED OUTRIGHT

Two Explosions Take Place in the Johnson Mine No. 1 at Peterburg, Pa.

Scranton, Pa., June 19.—Seven men were killed outright and two others seriously injured in two explosions of gas in the Johnson No. 1 mine, at Priceburg. The first explosion was caused by the carelessness of a door tender [illegible] leaving the door open, allowed gas to accumulate in the workings. One man was injured as a result of this explosion. The second [illegible] from the ignition of the deadly fire damp which accumulated after the first explosion.

The dead are: William Webster, [illegible], electrician; [illegible] [illegible] Mike Shiskit [illegible] [illegible] badly mangled that it is impossible to identify the body.

TEN OUT OF THE ELEVEN

Only One Body Missing of Those Who Went to Death in the Minnesota's Launch.

Newport News, Va., June 19.—Ten of the [illegible] of the midshipmen and jackies who went to their death in the Minnesota's launch have now been recovered. Up to yesterday four had been found up in the waters of the roads, and yesterday six were found.

This leaves but one missing—Merfit. The found yesterday were Midshipmen [illegible] [illegible] and Coxswain R. R. Dodson; ordinary seamen, H. L. Vondoren and F. R. Plumber, and coal passer, Jesse Conn.

**Michigan Adopts a Regulator.**

Lansing, Mich., June 19. — With only one nay vote in both houses, the Michigan legislature passed a bill providing for a railroad commission of three members, instead of the present single headed commission. The new commission is given power to regulate freight rates and require the exchange of car loads between steam and electric lines. The bill also includes a reciprocal demurrage section.

**Frantic Colt Injures Three Men.**

Minneapolis, June 19.—Frightened by the noise of a wild west show a colt owned by Fred Roche, which was tethered in a vacant lot next to the show grounds, broke loose and dashed into the crowd. Ralph Joslyn, Ernest Kalanquin and Peter Johnson, all street railway employes, who were standing in the street directing the crowds, were knocked down. Kalanquin was probably fatally injured.

**Secretary Taft Behind Time.**

Omaha, June 19.—Because of delays north of Chadron, Neb., the result of heavy rains, Secretary Taft and party did not reach this city until 7 p. m., three hours behind the scheduled time. He left at a late hour at night for Fort Leavenworth, Kan., after attending a dinner at the Omaha club and a reception.

**Anarchist at the Peace Conference.**

Naples, June 19.—A statement in the Paris Temps that General Orestes Ferrara, one of the Cuban delegates to The Hague, is an anarchist, has caused great interest here. Ferrara is a Neopolitan and as a student had a somewhat turbulent record.

SCORES ON THE DIAMONDS

Chicago, June 19. — Following are the base ball scores:

League: At Pittsburg—Philadelphia 7, Pittsburg 5; at Cincinnati — New York 4, Cincinnati 3; at St. Louis — Brooklyn 1, St. Louis 0; at Chicago—Boston 1, Chicago 3.

American: At Philadelphia — Detroit 6, Philadelphia 2; at Washington—Cleveland 1, Washington 2; at Boston — Chicago 3, Boston 6; at New York—St. Louis 1, New York 0.

Association: At Toledo — Kansas City 5, Toledo 3—ten innings; at Louisville—Minneapolis 5, Louisville 4; at Indianapolis—St. Paul 4, Indianapolis 1; at Columbus—Milwaukee 6, Columbus 3.

Western: At Pueblo — Omaha 1, Pueblo 4; at Denver—Lincoln 5, Denver 13; at Sioux City—Des Moines 9, Sioux City 4.

# MOB ALWAYS WITH US

## Attempt to Lynch a Man In This Case for the Crime of Bigamy.

### WOMEN ACTIVE IN THE RIOT

### Timely Appearance of Officers Saves Illinois a Disgrace—Libel Suit at Rock Island—Items.

Assumption, Ill., June 19.—A mob seized Alfred Roulund [illegible] intent on [illegible] him because he had been charged with [illegible] but the timely arrival of officers saved his life. Three alleged mob leaders have been arrested. Roulund was married here six months ago. [illegible] a woman claiming to be his wife arrived from [illegible] the Atlantic. Roulund was charged with bigamy, arrested and released on bond to await trial.

Women Members of the Mob.

Later a mob formed and took him to the woods to kill him. Women were in the mob and one woman had just placed a rope about his neck when officers arrived and rescued Roulund. Victor [illegible] Joseph [illegible] Ritchie and [illegible] Sumner were arrested on the charge of being mob leaders and state warrants have been issued for several others.

Indicted for About Everything.

Rock Island, Ill., June 19.—John Looney, politician, newspaper owner and lawyer has been arrested on thirty-four indictments containing charges of criminal libel, extortion, bribery, conspiracy to extort and to induce. Wil[illegible] [illegible] is believed Charles W. Neal, of Davenport, Ia., an attorney who it is alleged, defied [illegible] company to pay $10,000 to have raised the smoke "lid" cut on two years ago by Mayor George McCaskrin, also indicted jointly with Looney is William H. Pitworth, editor of Looney's paper, the Rock Island News, twenty-seven charges being made for publishing alleged libelous stories concerning prominent Rock Islanders.

ROCK ISLAND BOOSTER FUND

Citizens So Happy Over Its Completion That They Hold a Lively Celebration.

Rock Island, Ill., June 19.—Citizens of Rock Island celebrated the completion of the "boosters fund" by a demonstration which excelled any previous celebration in the history of the city. The committee in charge of the canvass had set its stakes for $100,000, but the fund already exceeds $125,000. The celebration included a long procession of citizens armed with dynamite [illegible] preceded by local militia and naval reserves.

The streets of the business district were packed with townspeople and throngs from neighboring cities. Every business man illuminated his place and the business district was ablaze with pyrotechnics of every description. The celebration ended with a great bonfire and fireworks on the levee and the firing of cannon by the naval reserves.

**Costly Blaze at Wayne City.**

Wayne City, Ill., June 19. — Fire destroyed virtually all the business section of this place, including the postoffice, two large furniture stores of T. R. Dickey and W. M. Gillespie, H. D. Thing's general store, Alex Wilson's store, R. F. Merritt's general store, and Edmond's hotel. The buildings burned constituted the chief business block. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. The loss is estimated at $50,000.

**Regulars at Camp Lincoln.**

Springfield, Ill., June 19.—Adjutant General Scott, of the Illinois National Guards, says that he has received word from the secretary of war that a battalion from the Fourth infantry of the United States regular army will attend the National Guard encampment here during all of July. The adjutant general for two years has made efforts to have the regular army attend the encampment.

**Illinois Fire Insurance.**

Bloomington, Ill., June 19. — The Illinois Association of Fire Insurance Agents in session here elected the following officers: President, S. D. Saxton, East St. Louis; vice presidents, W. C. Kirkendall, Springfield, John Wood Bloomington, and Jacob Wachenlius, Peoria. The next meeting will be at Springfield.

**Statue of Carter H. Harrison.**

Chicago, June 19. — The statue of the late Carter H. Harrison may be unveiled in Union Park, where it is to stand, on the Fourth of July. At a meeting of the Carter H. Harrison Memorial association to be held today the time of unveiling and the other plans will be definitely decided on.

**Fight at a Church Social.**

Pana, Ill., June 19. — John Steel's throat was cut in a fight at a church social at Mode, Shelby county, and he is dead as a result. Lloyd Polly and Frank Hill have been arrested charged with the murder and the police are after a man named Higgins, who was also involved in the quarrel.

**Central Illinois Press.**

Springfield, Ill., June 19. — The Central Illinois Press association has been organized with the following officers: President, I. S. Dunn, Divernon; vice president, W. W. Wilkins, Athens; treasurer, J. I. Parkham, Riverton.


# POOR BABY'S FACE ITCHED TERRIBLY

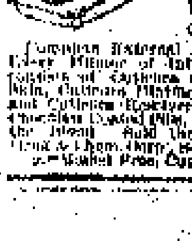
Face and Neck Covered with Inflamed Skin — Suffered Terribly —Mother Took Her to Doctors and Colleges to No Avail — Lost Faith in Medicines — Friend Suggested Cuticura Remedies and

## CHILD IS NOW THE PICTURE OF HEALTH

"My [illegible] face and neck were covered with [illegible] eczema, and she suffered terribly for over a year. I took her to a number of doctors, and also to different colleges to no avail. Then Cuticura Remedies were recommended to me by Mrs. [illegible], who was telling me how they helped her. I did not use it at first, so I had tried so many other remedies without any favorable results. At last I tried Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills, and to my surprise noticed an improvement. After using three boxes of the Cuticura Ointment, together with the Soap and Pills, I am pleased to say she is altogether a different child and the picture of health, and now I have a firm belief in Cuticura Remedies and would not be without them in the house. I will gladly let you publish this testimonial as I would like others to have the same benefit that we did, and you may be sure I will recommend them strongly to everybody I know and to those I don't know, too. Mrs. A. C. Breslin, 171 N. Lincoln St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 20 and 30, 1906."

# ONE NIGHT TREATMENT

For Sore Hands and Feet with Cuticura.



Soak the hands or feet on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure. Wear, during the night old, loose gloves, or bandage the feet lightly in old, soft cotton or linen.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor of Infants, Children, and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap (25c.) to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment (50c.) to Heal the Skin and Cuticura Resolvent (50c.) (or in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60) to Purify the Blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. Mailed Free, Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.

PHIL N.

# Marks

The Farmer's and Workingman's Friend

Store—80 Galena Avenue

Dixon, Illinois.

HOME TELEPHONE 497.

GREAT

## Clothing Bargains

FOR JUNE

Men's fancy Worsted Suits, neat patterns, $5.50 to $9.75

Men's fine Black Suits $ 50 to $14

Young Men's Suits, 14 to 20 yr., 2.50, 3.75, $5.25 and up

Men's good Working Pants ... 65c, 75c, 80c and 95c

Men's Heavy Pantaloon Overalls with or without bibs, 45

200 Men's Striped Overalls at 39

Men's Work Shirts, 25c to 50

### White Canvas Shoes

200 pair of Child's, 5 to 8— ... 45c and 55c

200 pair of Child's, 8½ to 11½ ... 55c and 54c

200 pair of Misses', 12 to 2, ... 65c and 75c

400 pair Ladies', all sizes— ... 65c to 95c

Best Tubular Shoe Laces.

100 doz Machine Thread 2c spool

Boys' Tennis Champion Shoes 50c

If you will make inquiry it will be revealed to you how many succumb to kidney or bladder troubles in one form or another. If the patient is not beyond medical aid, Foley's Kidney Cure will cure. It never disappoints. Sold by Rowland Bros.

A prompt, pleasant, good remedy for coughs and colds is Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup. It is especially recommended for babies and children, but good for every member of the family. It contains no opiates and does not constipate. Contains honey and tar and tastes nearly as good as maple syrup. Children like it. Sold by Rowland Bros.

Success in life is accompanied by increase of enemies. That's why Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea has so many imitators; it's a success. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Sold by Rowland Bros.

# STATE NEARLY ALL IN

**Prosecution Is About Through with Its Evidence in the Steunenberg Case.**

**DEFENSE IS TO ASK ACQUITTAL**

**Will Request the Judge to Take the Case from the Jury.**

**Miners' Magazine Article Let in—Testimony Connecting Pettibone with Orchard's Crime—Much Printed Matter Read.**

Boise, Ida., June 21.—Unless there should be unforeseen delay in securing a couple of final pieces of evidence the state will today close its case against William D. Haywood, whom it charges with the murder of Frank Steunenberg. This announcement was made by Senator Borah, of the prosecution, and when Clarence Darrow, of the defense, took up the discussion of the arrangement of time he made it very

GEORGE A. PETTIBONE.

clear that directly the state closes he and his associates will move the court for an instruction directing a verdict of acquittal. It is now anticipated that the state will close by noon; that the afternoon session will be devoted to argument of the expected motion of the defense, and if the court rules adversely on the motion the opening statement in behalf of Haywood will be made by Darrow tomorrow.

**Pettibone Again Connected.**

The prosecution succeeded in again showing a direct connection with the store of George Pettibone in Denver and Harry Orchard at work on the Bradley crime in San Francisco, and proceeded to make the connection with Pettibone personally by handwriting experts who will be called today. Original records of the Pacific Postal Telegraph company were produced showing that in September and October, 1904, remittances of $97.50 and $35, respectively, were made, the first by "J. Wolff," and the second by "P. Bone," from 1725 Stout street in Denver—the address of Pettibone's store—to "H. Green," in care of Peter L. Wolff, at 211 Taylor street, San Francisco.

**Identification Was Waived.**

W. V. McCartney, who was cashier for the Denver office of the Postal Telegraph company in the fall of 1904, came here from Cheyenne to identify and explain the records that showed the remittances. The exhibits included also the application forms and telegrams of instruction ordering the payment of the money at San Francisco. "J. Wolff" and "P. Bone" both waived the identification of "H. Green" at San Francisco, and it is alleged that the handwriting in both instances is the same, and that it is the same as in the letter Pettibone wrote to the Mutual Life Insurance company when Harry Orchard joined that corporation as a solicitor.

**HAYWOOD ON STEUNENBERG**

**Said to Have Declared Steunenberg Should Be Exterminated.**

The state also showed that while at Silver City, Ida., in 1899 Haywood declared that Steunenberg was a tyrant and a monster who should be exterminated, and by James Kirwan, acting secretary-treasurer of the Western Federation of Miners, that Jack Simpkins and Marion Moore were made members of the executive board of the Federation in 1905, and that control of all expenditures made by the organization vested in the president and secretary-treasurer.

For the rest it was a day of reading, with Senator Borah as first reader. Judge Wood admitted many of the strongly worded articles of The Miners' Magazine in which Frank Steunenberg was bitterly denounced, and as one after another they were let in Borah read them to the jury. These were admitted as showing the animus of the Federation officials against Steunenberg, and showing animus against Justices Goddard and Gabbert, of the supreme court of Colorado, whom Harry Orchard swore he tried many times to kill. The state introduced in evidence the decisions of these judges on the Colorado eight-hour law and the habeas corpus application of Charles H. Moyer.

To practically every piece of evidence offered during the day the defense first offered objection, then made a motion to strike out, and lastly took an exception on the record. To all evidence connected with the general conspiracy alleged by the state the objections of the defense included the propositions that the acts shown were not binding on the defendant, and that they were not connected with the Steunenberg murder and there was frequent objection to the evidence offered to corroborate the testimony of Harry Orchard, an alleged accomplice, in the manner provided by the state law.

## HELD UP HIS LAWYER

**Plaintiff in a Successful Damage Suit Gets Away with the Whole Wad Awarded.**

St. Paul, June 21.—After his lawyer had received a voucher for $2,000 in settlement of a personal injury suit against the Soo road, Willis E. Grove injected a melodramatic element into the case by holding up his attorney at the point of a revolver in his office taking the voucher and making a get away." The attorney who was the victim of the hold-up is William D. Dampier.

Grove's suit against the Soo road was compromised, and settled Tuesday afternoon. The attorney had just received the voucher and sent for Grove to come into his private office to talk over some minor claims. Grove came, but presented a gun. "I'll take that," he said, and grabbed the voucher. Grove disappeared before the attorney could get a warrant for his arrest.

## MILWAUKEE OFFICIAL SHORT

**His Cash Account Lacks a Matter of $80,000, and a Warrant Is Out for Him.**

Milwaukee, June 21.—Frank E. Woller, clerk of the municipal and district courts, is said to be short $80,000 in his accounts. The shortage was discovered by expert accountants who recently made an examination of the city's books and reported the shortage to the city comptroller.

Woller was arrested on a warrant signed by Judge Neelen, charging him with embezzlement. The warrant was served by District Attorney McGovern personally. Woller will plead guilty. He lost the money six years ago on the Chicago Board of Trade.

## CABRERA REPORTED DYING

**Confidential Agent of the Nicaraguan President Says Guatemala's Executive Is Passing Away.**

City of Mexico, June 21.—"President Estrada Cabrera, of Guatemala, is dying." This startling statement was made by Jose D. Gamez, who is in this city as the confidential agent of President Zelaya, of Nicaragua.

Gamez claims to have received information from an unquestionable source to the effect that President Cabrera is suffering from an attack of blood poisoning which followed the extraction of a tooth. According to Gamez President Cabrera has not left the executive mansion for eight days and those at his bedside despair of his life.

**Colt Won't Stay in the Race.**

Providence, R. I., June 21.—Colonel Samuel Pomeroy Colt, of Bristol, candidate last winter for the United States senate, has notified the Republican state central committee that he has withdrawn unconditionally. The legislature adjourned in deadlock over senator.

**Rockefeller's Chauffeur Fined.**

New York, June 21.—John D. Rockefeller's automobile, in which Rockefeller was being rather hurriedly driven to his country home, was stopped by a constable and the chauffeur subsequently fined $25 for exceeding the speed limit.

**New Industrial Move at Chicago.**

Chicago, June 21.—A movement to bring the employer and the employe closer together has been begun by the Marquette club, of Chicago. The plan is to model an association fashioned after the Industrial Association of St. Louis.

**Outsider Wins the Race.**

New York, June 21.—Nealon, a western horse, owned by C. E. Durnell, ridden by Jockey W. Dugan, and quoted at 20 to 1 won the great Suburban Handicap at Sheepshead Bay and $20,000.

**Wiley Sails for France.**

Washington, June 21.—Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry, department of agriculture, has sailed from New York for France.

## SCORES ON THE DIAMONDS

Chicago, June 21.—Following are the base ball scores:

League: At Pittsburg—Philadelphia 2, Pittsburg 4; at St. Louis—Brooklyn 3, St. Louis 1—twelve innings; at Cincinnati—New York 6, Cincinnati 6—twelve innings; at Chicago—Boston 0, Chicago 4.

American: At Boston—Chicago 2, Boston 0; at Philadelphia—Detroit 0, Philadelphia 4; at Washington—Cleveland 4, Washington 2; at New York—St. Louis 9, New York 6.

Association: At Toledo—Indianapolis 1, Toledo 2—eleven innings; at Louisville—Columbus 3, Louisville 3—twelve innings, darkness; at Milwaukee—Minneapolis 7, Milwaukee 5; second game: Minneapolis 3, Milwaukee 4.

Western: At Denver—Lincoln 3, Denver 4; at Pueblo—Omaha 5, Pueblo 6—thirteen innings; at Sioux City—Des Moines 4, Sioux City 5.

# FRANCE IS PERTURBED

**Atrocities in the Streets of Narbonne Recall Other French Revolutionary History.**

**CABINET HAS A LONG SESSION**

**Does Not Adjourn Until Midnight and Clemenceau Stays Much Later.**

**News from Narbonne Is Very Alarming—Troops Fire on the Mobs and Many Are Hit—Deputies Are Turbulent.**

Paris, June 21.—The rebellious excesses and rioting in the Midi are causing the greatest excitement and apprehension at Paris. All the afternoon newspapers issued editions every hour, which were snatched from the hands of the vendors by the eager public. The general impression here seems to be that the situation is even worse than had been supposed, and that the revolt is likely to increase, especially in view of the somewhat violent dispositions of the inhabitants of the southern provinces. As the news spreads it is thought that further disturbances will take place. The outbreaks at Narbonne, Perpignan, Montpelier and other places are regarded as of ominous character.

**All Sorts of Rumors Afloat.**

All sorts of rumors were afloat, but owing to numerous wire interruptions definite and detailed information was difficult to obtain. One report that gained currency was that Marcelin Albert, the leader of the disturbing element, was on the way to Paris in disguise and would appear in the chamber of deputies today. Premier Clemenceau and many other government officials remained at the ministry of the interior throughout the night. M. Clemenceau stated that he had had the greatest difficulty in communicating with the authorities at Narbonne.

**Cabinet in Session Until Midnight.**

The cabinet held a long session last night, only breaking up at midnight. The crisis in the Midi was thoroughly discussed. At 2 a. m. it was announced that Premier Clemenceau had received a message from the prefect at Narbonne stating that order had been restored.

**Deputies Howl at Clemenceau.**

During the day the government was put on its defense in the chamber of deputies. Clemenceau was willing to answer questions, but he had little to impart beyond what was already known. After confirming the reports of the sanguinary fighting at Narbonne and Montpelier, for which he blamed the local roughs, the premier declared his intention to repel attacks on public buildings until driven from his post by the chamber. Clemenceau spoke to a tumultuous house, was frequently interrupted by the din, and was addressed in insulting terms.

## MOB IS BRUTALLY VICIOUS

**Excesses at Narbonne Recall Days of Revolution at Paris.**

Narbonne, June 21.—The riotous element of the populace of this place cast off all restraint, and the city became the scene of many wild excesses. A secret police agent was lynched and other persons were treated with the most extraordinary brutality. For a gen d'arme or policeman to appear on the streets alone was to court the risk of being clubbed to death. The troops ultimately were obliged to intervene for the protection of the officers of the law, which resulted in further bloodshed.

The secret police agent who was lynched was patrolling the promenade des Barques, when the mob suddenly invaded the street. They seized him and clubbed him until he was senseless. Then they riddled the body with bullets and pitched him into the canal. Later they fished the body from the water, and attaching a rope to it dragged it through the streets, acting ferociously all the while. When the troops arrived on the scene there was sharp fighting.

The mob attempted to rush the soldiers, but the latter fixed bayonets and repelled the assaults. Revolvers were drawn by the rioters and the troops were fired upon until they were forced in self defense to shoot. Numbers of the mob fell, four persons being killed, among whom was a girl 20 years of age. Eleven others are known to have been wounded, while many others were carried off by friends. Several casualties occurred among the gen d'armes.

Police officers were attacked and savagely ill treated and maimed, but they managed to escape with their lives. Gun stores were raided, and the revolutionaries who were armed with revolvers appeared to be fearless of the infantry. Frequent cavalry charges were necessary to disperse them. Barricades were common sights in the streets, but were torn down by the troops almost as soon as completed. One of the generals commanding the forces fell into the hands of the mob, who threatened to throw him into the canal unless he should solemnly swear not to use the cuirassiers against them again. The general yielded to the superior force and the cuirassiers since have been replaced by dragoons. A prominent police judge was caught by the crowd and held.

## "BLACK KID" THE BANDIT

**He Holds Up Two Stages on the Same Spot at the Same Time and Gets Away.**

Wawona, Cal., June 21.—Two of the regular stages from Raymond bound for Wawona were held up and sixteen passengers relieved of their valuables by the "Black Kid," the famous lone bandit of this section. The hold-up occurred in the locality of his former successes. The man stood at the side of the road with an old rusty rifle leveled at Archie Turner, the driver. He called upon Turner to hold up, and then commanded the passengers to put up their hands. The bandit waited until the second stage appeared, when he singled out Francis S. Eaton, of 50 State street, Boston, to pass the hat demanding of the frightened passengers their purses and watches.

He got jewelry and $250 from this load. While the collecting was going on the robber compelled Mrs. Eaton to stand behind him, thus using her as a shield from any attack from the rear. When the other stage came along he robbed its occupants and then ordered the drivers to go on.

## DEVIL WAGON'S WORK

**Kills Five at One Effort, One of the Dead Being an Italian Prince Related to the King.**

Naples, June 21.—A most appalling automobile accident occurred at Cajano, about 100 miles distant from Naples, five men being killed. The motor car which was going at high speed ran into a rock and was [illegible].

Among the killed was Prince Doria, a member of the Italian nobility and related to the Spanish royal house, on account of whose death the aristocracy of the whole of lower Italy will be in mourning.

Rome, June 21.—Word has been received here that an automobile containing Marquis Doria, Duc de Regina, two [illegible] one of whom is believed to have been a woman from the United States, and the chauffeur plunged into a ravine on the Naples road. All of the occupants of the car were killed.

**New Government for Des Moines.**

Des Moines, Ia., June 21.—By an overwhelming majority the citizens of Des Moines have adopted what is known as the Des Moines plan of government, a modification of the commission form of government adopted some years ago in Galveston, Tex. The movement for the change arose out of the alleged extravagance and inefficiency under the old ward system of government. Only five men are elected, one presiding, and all the other officers are appointed by this board.

**Honorary Degree for Fairbanks.**

Chicago, June 21.—The honorary degree of doctor of laws was conferred upon Vice President Fairbanks by the Northwestern university. Fairbanks was the guest of honor and the principal speaker at the commencement exercises of the university, at the Auditorium. In his address President Harris announced gifts totaling $541,000 made to the university during the last school year.

**Tie for a Shooting Trophy.**

Chicago, June 21.—Three amateur shooters are tied for the grand American Handicap and it will be necessary for them to meet again to decide the ownership of the championship trophy. C. M. Powers, of Decatur, Ill.; Jeff J. Blanks, of Trezevant, Tenn., and J. M. J. Moyott, of Fort Collins, Colo., each broke ninety-six clay pigeons.

**Terrorist Doings at Odessa.**

Odessa, June 21.—A band of fifty terrorists forced an entrance into the town hall of the suburb of Bookoorhoek, disarmed a patrol of police and appropriated 300 passports, with which anarchists will be able to live under false names.

## NEWS FACTS IN OUTLINE

Senator Foraker made the commencement address at Wilberforce university, Ohio, and devoted much of it to telling the story of the investigation he has been making of the "shooting-up" of Brownsville, Tex., and justifying that inquiry.

Secretary Taft addressed the Chautauqua at Ottawa, Kan., his subject being the Panama canal.

Fire at Mason City, Ia., destroyed S. B. Miles' hardware store, and the Bee Hive dry goods store. Loss, $100,000.

Mark Twain is to make a call on King Edward VII at the king's desire.

The strike of commercial telegraph a letter from President Clowry, of the Western Union, to Labor Commissioner Neill, which the telegraphers accepted as a basis of settlement.

Vice President Fairbanks has been elected president of the Phi Gamma Delta club, a club newly organized.

Fire destroyed a number of business places on Vanness avenue, near Sacramento street, San Francisco. Loss, about $200,000.

At Tokio Viscount Hayashi, minister of foreign affairs, declared the rumor that Ambassador Aoki would be recalled from Washington was totally without foundation.

The police at Warsaw, Poland, discovered the secret printing establishment of the revolutionary headquarters and confiscated thousands of revolutionary proclamations.

W. R. Johnson, of Tennessee, a dark horse, was elected president of the Travelers' Protective association at the Norfolk, Va., national convention.

A Dublin dispatch says that Richard Croker has regained his excellent health after suffering for a few days from a cold.

# PROSPECTS ARE BLUE

**Men Who Work for the State May Have to Live on Air for Awhile.**

**GOVERNOR VETOES A PAY BILL**

**Somebody Sees Dire Consequences to Some State Employes—That Alton Kissing Has a Sequel.**

Springfield, Ill., June 21.—Employes of the state government and all state officials and others who depend for their salaries on what is known as the omnibus appropriation bill, are in a peck of trouble. Indications are that they will have to work until late in the fall without pay. The omnibus bill makes appropriations for all the state departments and employes, aggregating about $17,000,000. When it reached Governor Deneen he vetoed a number of items and returned the bill to Secretary Paddock of the senate for action by the general assembly on the veto when it meets in October. The bill is in Paddock's possession and he will not give it up.

**Employes Will Live on Air.**

Meanwhile the auditor cannot place the appropriations upon his book and the secretary of state is not including the bill in the session laws. The point has been raised that all bills go into effect on the July 1 following their passage. As this bill will not go into effect then, but will be acted on by the legislature in October, the question naturally arises whether it will not be inoperative until July 1, 1908. Meanwhile the employes of the departments of state will be running on credit or [illegible].

**Governor's Day at Camp.**

Springfield, Ill., June 21.—Yesterday was "Governor's day" at Camp Lincoln. The governor and staff were met at the entrance to the camp by Major Garrity, commanding the first battalion, and escorted to Colonel Stuart's headquarters. The troops were reviewed at 4 p. m. Col. Stuart entertained in the evening in honor of Governor and Mrs. Deneen.

**Court Sustains the Will.**

Springfield, Ill., June 21.—The supreme court has reversed the judgment of the circuit court of Jackson county in setting aside the will of Charles A. Crumbaugh. Crumbaugh died April 2, 1905, leaving property valued at $250,000. He was survived by a widow, and most of his property was placed in the hands of trustees for the purpose of building a spiritualist church near his former residence at Leroy and also for the purpose of erecting a public library.

**New Electric Line.**

Springfield, Ill., June 21.—The secretary of state has issued a license to incorporate to the Chicago and Wisconsin Traction company. The road is to be constructed from Chicago in a northerly and northeasterly direction through the counties of Cook and Lake to a point on the state line between Illinois and Wisconsin. The first board of directors are: H. R. Yaryan, Lewis E. Starr, Walter F. Wantke, Philip R. Lynch and George W. Miller, all of Chicago.

## SEQUEL TO THAT KISSING

**Young Woman Who Was Kissed Against Her Will Take Part in a Horsewhipping Affair.**

Alton, Ill., June 21.—Seventeen-year-old Stella McClain, who prosecuted E. A. Seck, a druggist, for embracing and kissing her, and who was told by Justice Kinder that "a man could hardly be blamed for wanting to kiss such a pretty girl," has been the central figure in an altercation outside of court, now.

Seck met Dr. Addison E. Porter, the girl's employer, on the street and cowhided him with a black snake whip. He had only struck six blows when he lost his balance and fell. Dr. Porter seized the whip with the assistance of the girl and beat Seck severely. Both men were arrested, but were later released.

**Countryman Family Reunite.**

Rockford, Ill., June 21.—The annual reunion of the Countryman family of northern Illinois was held here, nearly 100 members being present. Among the first members of the family to come to this part of the state were four brothers, who had married four sisters in Herkimer county, N. Y. All of the brothers and their wives were present at the reunion. The members of the family are noted for being total abstainers, and of the men who attended the reunion only three use tobacco.

**Tate's Testimony Was Valueless.**

Peoria, Ill., June 21.—Eddie Tate, who was brought here from the Joliet penitentiary to appear before the grand jury and tell what he knew about the raid on the library safe and theft of important documents gave testimony that was not considered sufficient to warrant any further action. It was thought at one time that Newton C. Dougherty would be taken before the jury, but there was not enough in Tate's story to warrant this. Tate was returned to Joliet.

**Will Fast Until He's Hungry.**

Belleville, Ill., June 21.—Dr. I. J. Eales, who began a fast for twenty days to test his theory that his health would thereby be benefited, has completed the stipulated time. He decided, however, not to eat anything until his appetite demanded food, and will continue to fast until he gets hungry.

## MRS. KAUFMANN GUILTY

**So a Jury Says of the Murder by Cruelty of Her 16-Year-Old Maid Servant.**

Flandreau, S. D., June 21.—Mrs. Emma Kaufmann, wife of Moses Kaufman, for years a wealthy Sioux Falls brewer, on trial in the circuit court here for the past ten days charged with the murder by cruelty of Agnes Polreis, her 16-year-old servant, was found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree. The conviction of Mrs. Kaufmann was a great shock to the defendant, her husband, her son and her counsel, all of whom had confidently expected acquittal.

When the fatal words fell from the lips of the foreman of the jury Mrs. Kaufmann's head sank upon her hands. Throughout the proceedings she sat in an attitude of extreme dejection. Counsel for the defense gave notice that a new trial will be applied for.

**Carnegie Talks to Kaiser Wilhelm.**

Kiel, Germany, June 21.—Andrew J. Carnegie met Emperor William and talked with him half an hour. Ambassador Tower introduced Carnegie, Joseph Wharton and J. W. Lippincott, the latter being Wharton's grandson, to the emperor in the imperial yacht Hohenzollern. The emperor was extremely cordial and complimented both Carnegie and Wharton on what they had done for the development of the United States.

**He Wants to Start Clear.**

Birmingham, Ala., June 21.—W. P. Staton, a young man, traveled all the way from Texas to give himself up here to stand trial for the murder of a man named Woods at [illegible], five years ago. He said he wanted to marry a young lady in Texas, but not before the charge had been cleared up.

**Terrible Domestic Tragedy.**

Wilmington, Ind., June 21.—John Zrane, aged 38, seriously shot his daughter Rose, aged 8 years; his son John, aged 6 months; attempted to kill his wife, and then turned the revolver on himself, blowing out his brains. The two children are in a hospital and the physicians say they cannot recover.

**New Principal Beloit College.**

Beloit, Wis., June 21.—Rev. J. P. Deane, of Ashland, Wis., has been appointed principal of Beloit college. Professor A. W. Burr, who has held the place for twenty-four years, has resigned to take up work on the college faculty.

**Prince Ferdinand Engaged.**

Vienna, June 21.—It is reported from Budapest that Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, on his recent visit to the Roumanian court, became engaged to Princess Beatrice of Saxe-Coburg, sister of the Roumanian crown princess.

**Root to His Summer Home.**

Washington, June 21.—Secretary Root left Washington today for his summer home near Utica, N. Y., to be absent until next fall.

**Tried to Burn the Prefecture.**

Perpignan, France, June 21.—A desperate attempt was made by a huge crowd of rioters to burn down the prefecture.

## THE MARKETS

**Chicago Grain.**

Chicago, June 20.

Following were the quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade today:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Wheat—** | | | | |
| July | $ .92¾ | $ .92¾ | $ .91⅛ | $ .91⅞ |
| Sept. | .95⅝ | .95⅝ | .94¾ | .94⅞ |
| Dec. | .97⅝ | .97⅝ | .96⅝ | .96⅝ |
| **Corn—** | | | | |
| July | .53½ | .54 | .53⅜ | .53½ |
| Sept. | .54⅛ | .54½ | .53⅜ | .53⅜ |
| **Oats—** | | | | |
| July | .47½ | .47½ | .45⅞ | .46¾ |
| Sept. | .38⅝ | .38⅝ | .37⅝ | .38 |
| **Pork—** | | | | |
| July | 15.70 | 15.70 | 15.52 | 15.70 |
| Sept. | 15.97½ | 15.97½ | 15.75 | 15.75 |

Cash sales—Winter wheat—By sample: No. 2 red, 93c; No. 3 red, 90@92c; No. 2 hard, 91½@92c, No. 3 hard, 85@92c. Spring wheat—By sample: No. 1 northern, $1.00@1.02½c; No. 2 northern, 97c@$1.01½c; No. 3 spring, 94c@$1.01. Corn—By sample: steady to ½c higher: No. 2, 53½@53⅝c; No. 2 yellow, 53⅝c; No. 3, 53⅜c; No. 3 white, 53⅜c; No. 3 yellow, 53½@53⅝c. Oats—By sample steady: No. 3 white, 46@47c; No. 4 white, 44½@46½c.

**Live Stock, Poultry and Hay.**

Hogs—Receipts 21,000. Sales ranged at $6.17½@6.22½ for good to prime heavy, $6.20@6.25 light mixed, $5.50@5.90 rough heavy packing, $5.50@6.25 poor to prime pigs.

Cattle—Receipts 6,000. Quotations ranged at $6.10@7.00 for prime fat steers, $4.00@4.75 good to choice cows, $4.00@5.00 prime heifers, $6.00@6.50 good to choice calves.

Sheep—Receipts 9,000. Quotations ranged at $6.00@6.35 for good to prime native wethers, $5.15@5.50 plain to fair mutton ewes, $6.00@6.75 plain to fair lambs, $6.50@8.00 spring lambs.

Live poultry—Turkeys, per lb, 10@11c; chickens, fowls, 11½c; springs, 18@22c; roosters, 7c; geese, $5.00@7.50; ducks, 10c.

Hay—Choice timothy at $21.00@22.00; No. 1 and No. 2 mixed, $18.00@18.50, and No. 3 and No. 2 mixed, $16.00@17.00. Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin feeding prairie—Choice, $12.00@13.00; No. 1, $11.00@12.00; packing hay, $9.50@10.50.

**East Buffalo Live Stock.**

East Buffalo, N. Y., June 20.

Dunning & Stevens, Live Stock Commission Merchants, East Buffalo, N. Y., quote as follows: Hogs—Receipts 20 cars; steady; heavy, $6.60; yorkers and pigs, $6.60@6.65. Sheep—Receipts 5 cars; steady; spring lambs, $7.25; yearlings, $6.00; wethers, $5.50@5.75; ewes $4.50@5.00. Veals—Best, $4.50@7.00.

# STATE TO CELEBRATE

**Subjects of the Celebration To Be Events That Happened Just Before the War.**

**LINCOLN AND DOUGLAS DEBATE**

**Also Lincoln's Nomination for President To Be Remembered—Engaged Couple Solves a Problem.**

Springfield, Ill., June 20.—Arrangements for a gigantic celebration throughout the state of the nomination of Abraham Lincoln for president in Chicago, May 18, 1859, were made by the state historical society's board of directors at a meeting held in this city. It was decided to have a grand central celebration in Springfield, and Horace White, editor of the New York Press and ex-ambassador to England, will be invited to be the orator. The department of public instruction will be asked to co-operate and have celebrations in all the public schools on that day.

**Lincoln-Douglas Debates.**

A meeting of the joint committees, presided over by Colonel Clark E. Carr, of Galesburg, also was held, at which it was arranged to have a celebration of the semi-centennial of the Lincoln-Douglas debates in 1858, commencing with the annual meeting of the State Historical Society in this city next January, and local celebrations at the following cities on the anniversary of the date the debates were held in them as follows: Ottawa, Aug. 21; Freeport, Aug. 27; Jonesboro, Sept. 15; Charleston, Sept. 18; Galesburg, Oct. 7; Quincy, Oct. 13; Alton, Oct. 15.

**Still Another Celebration.**

The Greenfield Commercial Club, of Greenfield, Ill., is preparing to celebrate on a large scale the forty-seventh anniversary of the famous speech of Owen Lovejoy, delivered in a pasture in Jersey county, July 23, 1860, the opening gun of the great campaign of that year. Professor H. G. Russell and C. J. Doyle, representing the club, called upon Governor Deneen and got his acceptance to deliver an address. Among the other prominent men who have been invited to make speeches are Speaker Cannon, ex-Governor Yates and Attorney General Hadley, of Missouri.

## THEY SOLVED A DIFFICULTY

**Having Missed Their Train at Night a Man and His Sweetheart Just Get Married.**

Danville, Ill., June 20.—Missing his train caused T. S. Brockman, a wealthy resident of Logansport, Ind., and Mrs. Edith McCandless, of the same city, to be married in this city. They are now spending their honeymoon here. They were to have been married at Logansport last night. Brockman and his sweetheart came to the city Sunday on a visit, intending to return home that night, but missed the train.

After an exciting run they came to a stop at the Wabash station, and then gazed at each other. "What shall we do," said Mrs. McCandless, who was looking her prettiest. "Just get married right now," suggested the lover. It is not recorded that the bride said anything about its being sudden.

**"Hopeless" Love Is Poor Stuff.**

Belleville, Ill., June 20.—Lying clasped in death embrace on the shore of Triangle lake, a mile northeast of here, the bodies of James Bullock and Miss Cora Miller were found. In the forehead of each was a bullet hole and the position of a revolver between the bodies indicated that Bullock had killed the young woman and then ended his own life. A note signed by both briefly stated that they loved each other but finding their love was hopeless had decided to die together. Bullock was 23 years old and Miss Miller was 22. She was clad in red and a red rose adorned her dark hair.

**Sporting Clubs Safe So Far.**

Lewistown, Ill., June 20.—The quo warranto proceedings recently instituted in the Fulton county circuit court to oust the Thompson Lake Rod and Gun club was dismissed. The question involved the right of corporations to hold hunting and fishing preserves in this state. A favorable decision on the quo warranto would put all sporting clubs holding lands out of business in Illinois.

**Death of Colonel Thomas Snell.**

Bloomington, Ill., June 20.—Colonel Thomas Snell, a millionaire banker and land owner, is dead, aged 89 years. He owned great tracts of land in Illinois and Iowa, and was interested in banks at Clinton, Ill., and Elkhart, Ind. He was prominent in the civil war and a close friend of President Lincoln.

**She Feared an Operation.**

Peoria, Ill., June 20.—Miss Florence Brown, a trained nurse and a graduate of College Hospital Training school in this city, committed suicide at Monica, where she was nursing a patient. Her act is said to have been caused by dread of an operation deemed necessary.

**Of Importance to Interurbans.**

Springfield, Ill., June 20.—A decision of importance to interurban railroads was handed down by the supreme court. It is held that a company organized for interurban business was never intended by the legislature to build a street railway system within a city.